

# THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.

THIRTEENTH YEAR

GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, APRIL 12th, 1915.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

## COMPLETE OXFORD DISPLAY TO-DAY

**Eckert's Store**  
"ON THE SQUARE"

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings.

## PHOTOPLAY

THE MAN FROM THE SEA.....TWO REEL LUBIN  
A very pretty story taken from a sketch which made quite a hit in vaudeville.  
A PERILOUS PASSAGE.....LUBIN SERIAL  
Betty (LOTTIE BRISCOE) recovers a stolen jewel in an exciting and perilous manner. With ARTHUR JOHNSON.  
HER SLUMBERING CONSCIENCE.....BIOGRAPH  
The story of a woman in temptation brought to a realization of her danger through a dream.

KEYSTONE COMEDY IN ADDITION  
TO-MORROW:---TWO REEL VITAGRAPH COMEDY.  
WEDNESDAY:---"THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER" IN FIVE PARTS,  
WITH THE ORIGINAL CAST.  
Show Starts 6:15. Admission 5 Cents

## WALTER'S THEATRE

MATINEE NIGHT  
DANIEL FROH MAN PRESENTS  
**JOHN BARRYMORE**

In a Comedy of Ludicrous dilemmas and laughable misfortune

### "THE MAN FROM MEXICO"

THE FAMOUS COMEDY OF A  
MYTHICAL TRIP TO MEXICO ....

THE PLAY THAT MADE THE  
COUNTRY LAUGH

SPECIAL MUSIC BY THEA-  
TRE ORCHESTRA



Evening Shows 6:30, 8:00, 9:30  
ADMISSION 10c CHILDREN 5c

### THE REGULAR FAMILIAR, "Fiz of our Fountain"

Indicates the Popularity of Our

## SODAS and SERVICE

If you are not a customer at our Fountain resolve to be one, everything fresh and clean. A drink at our Fountain is refreshing and healthful.

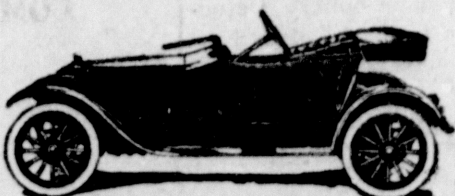
## PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE

A. D. S. Remedies Victrolas Rexall Remedies

**WE** have just secured a special lot of fine fabrics; one suit pattern of a kind. All the newest styles are included, Plaids, Stripes, Checks and Mixtures  
**A Special Blue Serge at \$23.00**

All the newest Spring Furnishings,  
**ROGERS, MARTIN COMPANY**  
Agents for Footer's Dye Works.

## THE SAXON \$395 F. O. B. Detroit



**S. Gray Bigham, Biglerville.**  
AGENT.

## FIRST ARREST TO COLLECT TAX

**Urged on by School Board's Action.  
Tax Collector Bumbaugh Decides  
to Enforce Law against All Delin-  
quents.**

The first of a series of threatened arrests in order to compel Gettysburg people to pay their taxes was made this morning when Tax Collector Bumbaugh served a warrant on Alfred S. Palm who was alleged to owe taxes for 1913 and 1914 amounting to \$3.00. Palm accepted service and secured the money at once from a friend so that he did not have to go to jail.

Mr. Bumbaugh states that he will follow this action by securing warrants against a large number of delinquents unless they pay up promptly. All have been given notice that they will be compelled to pay or go to jail and the action prescribed by law will be followed against all offenders.

The course now being taken by the tax collector has been made necessary by a motion passed at a recent meeting of the town school board which demanded that the collector settle all back duplicates as soon as possible. The school code provides that one year's duplicate may not be turned over to a collector until that of the year preceding has been closed and it is the plan to follow this as closely as possible.

The exonerations, which will be passed on shortly, will clear up a goodly number of persons from whom tax cannot be gotten, some of them being dead, others not being residents of town, and others not being liable for some other reasons. "All persons who are liable to pay will be dealt with at once, so that there may be no further delay, in closing up the duplicates."

By paying Mr. Bumbaugh, Palm saved himself from imprisonment.

## HANGED WITH DOG STRAP

**Had Many Friends in this County.  
Found Dead.**

Despondent, it is said, on account of ill health, Henry W. Emig, aged about 39 years, a resident of York, well known in the eastern portion of this county, took advantage of the absence of his wife at market, Saturday afternoon and carried out his oft-repeated threat of committing suicide. Emig hanged himself in the garret with a thin strap which had been used to lead his dog. The strap was so thin and slight that it broke beneath the man's full weight after he had leaned on it sufficiently to strangle himself.

Then in falling, Emig's nose struck the floor with such force as to make it bleed profusely and when found the body lay in a pool of blood. This apparently was several hours after the suicide.

Emig tried to commit suicide before. Some time ago his wife heard him in the garret and when he came down stairs his face was badly skinned. It is presumed he had tried suicide then, but failed. Last Thursday she took a bottle of wood alcohol from him.

### FOR CITY PARK

Hagerstown will Sell \$50,000 Worth of Bonds.

A resolution was passed by the mayor and city council of Hagerstown authorizing the issuing of \$50,000 of bonds to pay for the site for the public park the purchase of which was authorized at the recent election. Ten thousand dollars will be used for cleaning up and maintaining the park, the management of which will be in the hands of the Mayor and three Councilmen. The bonds will be sold by City Tax Collector Harry McC. Stouffer on May 4 in denominations of \$100 in order that persons of small means can buy them.

**FOR ONE WEEK:** starting to-day, all jewelry, cut glass, silver ware, watches, and clocks will be sold for half price. See our window for a few bargains. J. S. Ziegler's Jewelry Store, Chambersburg street.—advertisement 1

**FIVE dollars reward for return of Elgin gold watch lost in Gettysburg. Return to Times office.—advertisement 1**

## LOCAL CHURCH'S EARLY STRUGGLES

**Are Recited on Opening Day of its  
Hundred and Seventy Fifth An-  
niversary. Paid First Minister in  
Grains and with Use of Farm.**

An interesting story of the early struggles of the Gettysburg Presbyterian congregation was told by Rev. Franklin E. Taylor at Sunday evening's service which was a portion of the opening day of the church's 175th anniversary celebration.

That it was not until two years after the congregation was organized that a site for a building was chosen, and that it was five years after this site was selected before a log structure was built was part of the story told. During the first thirteen years of the congregation's existence three pastors were "called", all of them declining to accept and the handful of members were served at more or less frequent intervals by supplies.

When the Rev. Mr. McMorris was secured as the first pastor the congregation paid him a salary of \$200 or \$300 a year, making the payments in wheat, oats, hay, rye, corn, and other products of the field and garden. He was also allowed the use of a 100 acre farm with which he helped to "keep body and soul together."

"It is difficult to compare such conditions with those of the present day," said Rev. Mr. Taylor. "This congregation was in existence sixty years before 'Gettystown' was established, and such a thing as the building of a town here was never dreamed of during the early years of the congregation's history."

The church was 110 years old before it had a pastor to itself and it was not until 1850 that the congregation felt it could become independent in this matter.

Rev. Mr. Taylor drew a number of practical lessons from the devotion and faithfulness of the early members, after reciting the trials through which they passed, and urgently pressed the need for similar activity now.

All of the services in the church on Sunday reflected the spirit of the anniversary. At the Sunday School in the morning and the Christian Endeavor in the evening a number of sketches of the various organizations were given and special music was rendered. The music was also a feature of the two church services.

Attractive decorations have been arranged in the main auditorium. A spruce covered lattice at the front of the room holds a double row of small electric light bulbs, while flags, potted plants, cut flowers and other decorations of pine combine to make the room look exceptionally well.

The sessions of Presbytery open Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 and a session will be held in the evening at half past seven. To all the services of the week the public is most cordially invited.

### SUCCESSFUL ADS

Two Recent Instances of Getting Results.

The lost automobile tag advertised with a small local in Saturday's Times brought the desired result that evening, Ross Myers having picked up the tag on Chambersburg street and notified the owner through this paper.

W. P. Hull placed a small display ad in The Times advertising a horse, buggy, and set of harness for sale. He intended it to be run a number of times but one insertion brought a buyer.

### ON TRIP

College Boys will Play and Sing in York.

The college musical clubs left this afternoon for York where they will give a concert this evening. On Thursday they will go to Hanover for a similar purpose. The original intention was to make a four day trip but Red Lion and Columbia cancelled, so that two one-day outings are the best the boys can do. Three two-day trips will be taken later in the spring.

**COUNTERPANE** day. On Thursday we will launder your counterpanes for 10 cents each. (Regular price 15 cents). Telephone and we will call. Gettysburg Steam Laundry.—advertisement 1

## YOUNG MINISTER TAKEN BY DEATH

**Graduate of College and Seminary  
Dies in York after Brief Illness.  
Mrs. Clare, Former Gettysburg  
Resident, also Dead.**

### REV. H. A. STAUFFER

After a brief illness from peritonitis, Rev. Howard A. Stauffer, a graduate of both the local institutions and a son-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. John B. Hamilton, North Washington street, died at 1:30 Sunday morning at Dr. Meisenholder's Sanitarium, York. He had been at the institution taking treatment for several weeks for tuberculosis of the throat, when peritonitis developed and, in his weakened condition, he was unable to withstand the inroads of the new disease. Rev. Mr. Stauffer was aged about 31 years.

He was graduated from Gettysburg College in 1908 and from the Theological Seminary three years later. He was very active in college life during his stay here and was a member of several of the best foot ball teams the institution ever had. He was a member of the Druid fraternity.

Following his graduation from the Seminary he accepted a call to become pastor of the Second Lutheran church, Chambersburg, which he served successfully until a little over a year ago when he resigned to accept the pastorate of the Lutheran church at Middleburg, Snyder county. Success also attended his efforts here and a bright future lay before the young minister. When the condition of his throat required rest his congregation at once granted him an indefinite leave of absence with salary and he went to York where he apparently improved for a time so that his death on Sunday was not expected.

He leaves his parents, his wife and one son. He also leaves three sisters and ten brothers, one of whom is H. T. Stauffer, Water street.

Funeral services will be held in York on Wednesday. On Thursday morning the body will be brought to Gettysburg on the 10:09 train for interment in Evergreen Cemetery. The will be private. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

### MRS. R. H. CLARE

Mrs. Lydia Catharine Clare, widow of the late Dr. R. H. Clare, died in York on Sunday morning, aged about 67 years.

Mrs. Clare was a former resident of Gettysburg. For sixteen years she lived in Abbottstown while Dr. Clare was pastor of the Lutheran churches at that place and East Berlin. In 1908, upon his death, she accepted the position of matron of the Christian Home, York, where she has since resided.

She leaves these children, all of whom are well known in Gettysburg, Rev. Harry Clare, Wilkesburg; Rev. Robert Clare, Johnstown; Rev. Martin Clare, Apollo; Prof. Milo Clare, McKeesport; and Miss Mamie Clare, York.

Funeral in the Lutheran church, Abbottstown, on Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock. Interment in the church cemetery.

### MRS. ISAAC BECK

Mrs. Rachel Beck, wife of Isaac Beck, died near Warriors' Mark on Saturday evening, aged 67 years.

Mrs. Beck was a native of this county and a daughter of Charles and Hannah G. Wright. She leaves her husband, one brother and one sister, G. Edward Wright and Mrs. A. W. Griest, near Flora Dale.

Mrs. Beck was a teacher for many years, and stood high in her profession.

The funeral will be held on Tuesday morning from Guernsey Station upon the arrival of the nine o'clock train from Harrisburg. Interment at the Friends' Burial Ground near Flora Dale.

### GRASS FIRE

Wind Took Blaze across Fields and into Fence.

Fire started west of Confederate avenue on Saturday afternoon and burned across the fields until it attacked the government fence along the Fairfield Road burning several posts. About a half mile was covered by the fire which was finally put out by seven men after a hard fight.

May 1—Opening Day for the Curb Market.

## SCHOOLS TO HAVE COMMENCEMENT

**Various High Schools of the County  
now Preparing for their Grad-  
uation Exercises. Several Advance  
their Standards.**

Many of the High Schools of the county are preparing to close their work for the year and to hold their commencements. Examinations will be held during the next two weeks, and the graduation essays and orations will be prepared by the youthful Seniors.

Arendtsville and Abbottstown will each send out classes who have completed a three year course while Biglerville will graduate three Seniors after two years' work. These three schools will all have their commencements the latter part of April or the beginning of May, suitable exercises being held at each place while speakers of prominence will be secured to address the graduates.

Fairfield has already closed and there is to be no commencement there this year for the reason that the course has been changed from two to three years. New Oxford has made a similar increase and will send out no graduating class this spring.

East Berlin will graduate a class which will have completed a three year course. This school, with the ones at Littlestown and Gettysburg, has nine months. Littlestown will send out its first class that has completed a four year course, though it is not yet rated as a four year high school owing to the fact that there are only two teachers in the faculty. Next year it is planned to have an enlarged building with three teachers in the High School which will allow it to get the advanced state rating.

The Gettysburg High School commencement will be held, as usual, the latter part of May but the arrangements for that event have not yet been announced.

### BASE BALL

College and High School Teams were Both Victorious.

Howard struck out sixteen Muhlenberg batters and held them powerless during the entire game on Saturday which resulted in a 6 to 9 victory for Gettysburg. The home team had little to do in the way of fielding and Muhlenberg went to pieces after the sixth.

The Gettysburg High School team defeated Hanover High School at that place Saturday by the score of 9 to 6. Menchey pitched for Gettysburg.

Eddie Plank lost his first Federal League game on Saturday when Chicago defeated St. Louis 3 to 1. Plank held his opponents scoreless until the eighth and himself scored one of the four hits made by his own team.

### NEW COUNTY CHAMPION

Tambourine Proves Fatal Word for Former Leader.

Esta M. Bream won the county spelling championship on Saturday when she successfully handled "tambourine", which had just been missed by Edward Mummert, who was the last one up at the first match a week previous. Young Mummert spelled down Charles Taylor on "supervise". John McGaughey, of Butler township, entitled to compete in the spell-off did not appear. He ranks fourth and Miss Blanche Stoops, Highland township, is fifth. Miss Bream receives a Webster's International Dictionary as the prize; Mr. Mummert, a Collegiate Dictionary; and the next three, smaller dictionaries.

### ARRESTED EIGHT

Big Haul of Hoboes by Officers in Gettysburg.

Sheriff Thompson, County Detective Wilson, and Chief of Police Emmons arrested a gang of eight tramps in the railroad yards at the west end of town this afternoon. They were accused of being disorderly. The trip to safe quarters was made by automobile, two loads being required to convey all of the visitors.

**LOST:** tire trunk, about four miles out of Gettysburg. Finder please communicate with this office.—advertisement 1

## EXPECT INCREASE IN AUTO TRADE

**Improved Highways and Coast to  
Coast Tours Likely to Contribute  
toward Getting More Business  
for Gettysburg. The Prospects.**

The arrival of fine spring weather, with the improvement in the condition of almost all the roads entering Gettysburg, is expected to bring a marked increase in the automobile tourist traffic through this place during the next few weeks. Neighboring towns announce that their automobile clubs are arranging "runs" and Gettysburg is to be included in several of the sociability contests of this nature.

Booster runs carrying literature advertising the merits and attractions of the towns which they represent will come through Gettysburg during the coming weeks and the early spring will see a number of automobile tours and motorcycle runs through the town and over the field.

The establishment of one new garage and the enlargement of another in this town is taken as an indication of what the men, who are closest to automobile developments, expect for the summer season. The Lincoln Way line is to be followed by hundreds and thousands of enthusiasts on their way to San Francisco and the two California expositions, and this long line has already started, several cars passing through Gettysburg during the last few weeks with the coast as their ultimate destination.

Before very long the first of the Studebaker personally conducted tours to the expositions will come through Gettysburg to make the trip, and return some weeks later with another party who went out by rail and are returning by machine.

The "See America First" campaign, with the European war is expected to be a direct source of many dollars being spent here this summer by travelers who otherwise would go across the seas for their summer vacations. The news that the roads entering Gettysburg have been improved has been well spread through motor circles and the license tags of many states will be seen here before long, think garage and hotel men.

### TWO ARE HELD

Father Allows Son to Go to Jail.

Claude H. Groat, of McSherrystown, was this morning given a hearing before Squire Hill on a charge of the larceny of a horse and buggy belonging to his father. He was held for court in default of \$500 bail. George Simpson, arrested with Groat in Waynesboro last week, was also held in default of the same amount of bail.

Groat is married and has two children, while Simpson has a wife and four children. Both men are comparatively young. Groat has appeared in Adams County Court matters before, several years ago being placed on parole for the larceny of some chickens.

This morning's hearing was attended by Groat's father and some other witnesses. The action was brought by the father who is apparently unable to control the son.

### BULLET THROUGH WINDOW

Dog Cause of Excitement on Carlisle Street.

A weary dog aroused the suspicions of people on Carlisle street near the Square this morning. It bore neither license tag nor muzzle. Dr. Hudson saw it, shot at it with Constable Wilson's revolver, missed the dog and the bullet glanced through the window at the home of Mrs. Amos Miller. No one was hurt. The dog ran through the Square and down York street.

### COMING EVENTS

Events Scheduled for Gettysburg during Coming Weeks.

Apr. 16—Equal Suffrage Meeting, Court House.  
Apr. 19—Entertainment, Miss Jane Rae, St. James Chapel.  
May 3—Visit of West Point Seniors to the Battlefield.  
May 4—Base ball, West Point Seniors, Nixon Field.  
Apr. 30—First District S. S. Convention, Presbyterian church.



# THE GETTYSBURG TIMES

Published Daily Except Sunday  
Times and News Publishing Company

W. LAVERE HAFER,  
Secretary and Treasurer.

PHILIP R. BIKLE,  
President.

PHILIP R. BIKLE, Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION Served by carrier in Gettysburg for 25 cents per month.  
Mailed outside of Gettysburg for 25 cents per month.  
RATES Single copies to non-subscribers, 2 cents.

If you receive THE TIMES by mail you can find the date up to which you are paid on the pink address label on your paper. The date will be changed within ten days after your money is received at The Times Office.

Entered August 15, 1904, at Gettysburg, Pa., as second-class matter, under Act of Congress March 3, 1879.

BELL PHONE UNITED PHONE  
Office in Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.

Want ads. One cent per word each insertion. Two cents a word if guaranteed first page position. Resolutions of respect, poetry and memorials one cent per word.

## TO OUR READERS

The Gettysburg Times takes absolutely no part in politics, being neutral on all such matters. Anything that appears in our general news columns, concerning state or national politics, is furnished us by The American Press Association, a concern which gives the same news to Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, or Socialist papers and which is strictly non-partisan. Our advertising columns are open to all candidates of all parties.

## IF YOU ARE MAKING YOUR FENCES

LET US SHOW YOU THE WIRE.



Both the fence and the price are guaranteed.  
In Poultry Wire we have all the various widths and meshes.  
The large quantity we handle enables us to give you most attractive prices on all this goods.

Adams : County : Hardware : Co.

**CUSTOM MADE CLOTHES**  
are the best after all — You get a Better Fit — Better Style — Better Workmanship for the same money.

**MERCHANT TAILOR**

**BREHM, The Tailor**

**AUTOMOBILE LINE**  
BETWEEN  
**Gettysburg and Thurmont**

Leave Gettysburg 6:50 A. M. Arrive Emmitsburg 7:50 A. M. Arrive Thurmont 8:20 A. M.  
Leave Gettysburg 3:35 P. M. Arrive Emmitsburg 4:35 P. M. Arrive Thurmont 5:05 P. M.  
Leave Thurmont 10:42 A. M. Arrive Emmitsburg 11:12 A. M. Arrive Gettysburg 12:12 P. M.  
Leave Thurmont 6:21 P. M. Arrive Emmitsburg 6:51 P. M. Arrive Gettysburg 7:51 P. M.

FARE: Between Gettysburg and Emmitsburg 50 cents.  
Between Gettysburg and Thurmont 85 cents.  
Smaller distances 5 cents a mile.

STOPS ANYWHERE. EXTRA TRIPS ON SHORT NOTICE.

**We have now started to clean HATS.**

Bring in your old Panama Hats and have it renewed.  
All kinds of Hat cleaned and re-blocked and fitted with new binding and bands.  
We clean all kinds of Gloves.

**PETTIS BROTHERS**  
SHOE SHINING PARLOR

Chambersburg, Pa. St.

## GERMAN CRUISER AT NEWPORT NEWS

### Kronprinz Wilhelm Seeks Refuge in American Port.

### HAS 61 PRISONERS ON BOARD

Last of Kaiser's Sea Raiders Surprised by Sudden Appearance of U. S. Submarine While Off Virginia Coast.

Newport News, Va., April 12. — Barred from refuge in New York harbor by the perpetual guard of British warships, the German auxiliary cruiser Kronprinz Wilhelm put into port here after she had been sighted by the American submarine G-1 and directed to an anchorage.

The cruiser reached Thimble Shoal lightship at six o'clock Sunday morning. She was sighted by the G-1, which dived, coming to the surface alongside the Kronprinz.

The sudden appearance of the periscope of the G-1 caused a great stir on board the Kronprinz, as for a few moments it was not known whether she was an American or an enemy vessel.

The G-1 soon made her identity known and then proceeded with the Kronprinz up the Hampton Roads to a point off Old Point Comfort.

The Kronprinz Wilhelm is the last of the Kaiser's sea raiders left on the ocean. From the time Lieutenant Captain Thierfelder, her commander, knew that the entrance to New York harbor had been closed to him he hugged the shore on a southward course, keeping within the three-mile limit as much as possible to be immune from attack if his vessel should be sighted by the British.

The ostensible purpose of Captain Thierfelder's entrance to Newport News was to land sixty-one prisoners of war, taken from the British Royal Mail steamship Tamar and the British steamship Daleby, sunk at sea by the Kronprinz. The destruction of these two vessels brought the number of merchantmen destroyed by the Kronprinz up to fifteen.

Twelve of the vessels sunk by the Kronprinz were British, two were French and one was Norwegian. The crews of all were saved by Captain Thierfelder, of the Kronprinz. Only the men of the Tamar and the Daleby are now on board the auxiliary cruiser, the others having been landed at other ports, mainly in South America.

Practically all of the sixty-one prisoners are suffering from various minor ailments. Captain Thierfelder said he would ask permission to transfer them to American hospitals. No explanation was made as to the cause of their illness.

The Kronprinz Wilhelm steamed up to a pier showing many evidences of her eight months' cruise as a commerce destroyer. The gray of her war paint was worn off in many places and rust had eaten into the steel plates of her hull.

While no statement on the subject was made by Captain Thierfelder on his arrival, it is expected that he will request permission to make repairs and to take on board coal and provisions, according to the regulations of international law. In view of the fact that Commander Thierfelder, of the Prinz Eitel Friedrich, finally decided to accept internment, however, it is believed that Captain Thierfelder will follow the same course and that the commerce of the allies from now on will be menaced only by the submarines which are now operating in the North Sea and the English Channel.

The arrival of the Kronprinz caused a great stir in American official circles. Norman R. Hamilton, collector of the port, was notified immediately of the appearance of the German warship, and he in turn sent an official dispatch to the treasury department at Washington.

Rear Admiral Beatty, commandant of the Norfolk navy yard, notified the navy department and at the same time took the necessary precautions to prevent any violation of American neutrality by the Kronprinz.

The Kronprinz Wilhelm, with her four funnels and her general appearance of a battered man-of-war, was an impressive sight, even in the presence of some of the dreadnoughts of the American navy. She is much larger than the Prinz Eitel Friedrich.

Treed and Shot by Posse.  
Pinewood, S. C., April 12. — Joel Green, a negro desperado, was shot to death by a posse after he had been treed in a swamp near here by blood hounds. He was armed with a shot gun, two pistols and a knife and wore a steel breastplate.

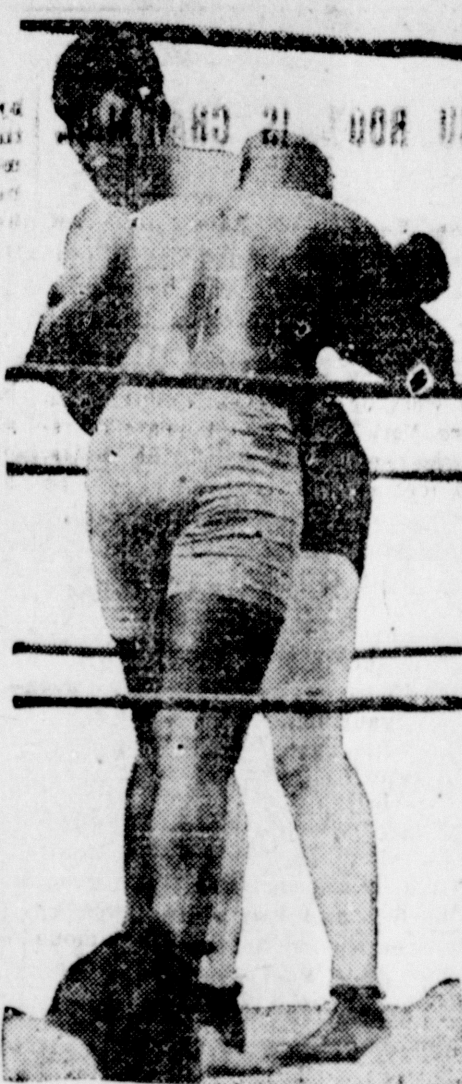
Wounded Fill 200 Cars in One Day  
Basel, Switzerland, April 12. — Violent snowstorms are raging in the Vosges mountains, but the fighting continues. Two hundred railroad cars filled with German wounded passed through Leopoldshoehe, near Basel, in one day.

New Call on Canada.  
Ottawa, Can., April 12. — Lord Kitchener has called on Canada for a second expeditionary force. The news was given to parliament by Premier Sir Robert Borden, who said that the call had been expected for some time.

Uncle Eben.  
"De only time some men ever commands any respectful attention," said Uncle Eben, "is when dey whistle to de dog."

## JUST BEFORE THE END.

Willard and Johnson in Ring at Havana in Final Round.



© 1915, by American Press Association.

This is one of the first pictures received of the Willard-Johnson fight. It shows the two men in the last round, just before the knockout, which brought the championship back to the Caucasian race.

## HUNGARY'S SEX-PREMIER BELIEVES PEACE NEAR

### U. S. Aided by Pope Might End the War.

Vienna, via London, April 12. — Writing in the Zeit, Count Julius Andrássy, a former Hungarian premier, says the recent reports of "war weariness" in Hungary are just as unfounded today as they were months ago.

During his visits to Austria, Count Andrássy says, he found the same determination to prosecute the war until a lasting and honorable peace is guaranteed. Nevertheless, the writer expresses the belief that peace will not be long deferred.

"Events in the war," Count Andrássy says, "now follow one another more quickly and the central powers will attain the object they have in view sooner than their enemies believe."

"If the United States, which is able to give emphasis to a desire for peace," says the Reichstag, "were to combine with the spiritual authority of the pope, a means of achieving peace would be prepared than which nothing could be imagined as more brilliant or more likely to succeed at the decisive moment."

The Neue Welle Post says: "When the pope turns to the president of the United States as an ally in his efforts for peace, the entire world harkens attentively, even when the necessary conditions preliminary to such action do not for the moment exist."

## 1656 MILES OF BATTLE FRONT

French Mile 540 Miles Long; British 31 Miles; Russians 851 Miles.  
Paris, April 12. — Troops of the allies occupy battle fronts whose length totals 1656 miles, according to a compilation made by the Matin.

In the western arena, according to these figures, the French occupy 540 miles of trenches, the British 31 miles and the Belgians 17 miles.

In the eastern theater the Russians face a front of 851 miles, while the Serbians and Montenegrins are fighting a long line which measures 217 miles.

## TURKS ADVANCE IN PERSIA

Seize Hamadan, 165 Miles Southeast of Urumiah Region.  
Petrograd, April 12. — A telegram to the Bourse Gazette from Tiflis, Transcaucasia, says that the Turks have occupied Hamadan, a city of Persia, 165 miles southwest of Teheran.

Hamadan is a junction for the commerce between Bagdad, Tabriz, Isfahan and Teheran. It has a population of about 25,000.

Edison's Daughter to Christen L-8.  
Washington, April 12. — Secretary of the Navy Daniels has invited Mrs. John Eyre Sloane, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Edison, of West Orange, N. J., to christen the L-8, a submarine being built at Portsmouth, N. H., the first to carry the Edison storage battery. Mrs. Sloane accepted the invitation.

Germans Advance on Yser.  
Berlin, April 12. — An official statement at the German army headquarters says: "On the Yser canal near Poeseele, south of Drei Grachten, we took three villages which were occupied by the Belgians."

## U. S. RED CROSS HIT BY TYPHUS

### Fourteen Doctors and Nurses Contracts Disease in Serbia.

### ONLY FOUR ESCAPED IT

Returning Physician Says the Death Rate Is High and It Is Impossible to Convey in Words the Condition of the Country.

New York, April 12. — Of the contingent of six doctors and twelve nurses sent to Serbia by the American Red Cross society since the European war began, all but four have contracted typhus, the disease they were combating, according to Dr. M. P. Lane, of New Orleans, a Red Cross doctor, who arrived in New York upon the steamship Finland from Mediterranean ports.

Dr. Lane was accompanied by two Red Cross nurses, Miss Margaret Tulloss and Miss Clara Sennher, both of Kansas City. They were ordered by Dr. Ernest P. Magruder, head of the Serbian contingent, who has since died, to recuperate after they had themselves been confined to the hospitals, victims of the scourge.

"It is impossible to convey in words the condition of Serbia," said Dr. Lane. "When we arrived we found the country in the grip of an epidemic of recurrent fever, with a high percentage of fatality. Following the recurrent fever came the scourge of typhus, brought into Serbia evidently by Austrian prisoners. The local physicians, reinforced by the medical attaches of the various missionary societies, were utterly unable to combat, and in an almost incredibly short length of time the disease was spread through the entire country."

"Deaths were so numerous that it was hard to find means to dispose of the bodies, cremation being the only solution of the problem. In one day during the second week in February there were 450 deaths reported from typhus in Nish alone. Over the entire country it is safe to say that not less than two out of every hundred people, including Serbians and prisoners of war, have died, and the death rate is rapidly increasing."

"It will require strenuous efforts to meet the contingency and successfully combat it. Surgeons are not needed as badly as are trained nurses who are willing to work. Sterilizing apparatus and disinfectants are imperative. It is almost impossible to obtain pure water for drinking purposes, and the disease is being spread through filth and vermin."

"When we left Serbia Dr. Magruder was well and the news of his death first reached me on my arrival here. As he bid us goodbye he told me that he had just received word that Dr. Ethan Butler had been stricken and was in the hospital."

Wilson Going to Fair  
Advisers Confident He Will Be Re-nominated Next Year.  
Washington, April 12. — President Wilson is planning to make his delayed trip to the San Francisco Exposition as soon as foreign affairs permit.

His advisers, it became known, are very anxious to have him make a number of speeches in different parts of the country before the opening of the next session of congress.

Friends of the president say the contemplated trip cannot be called a "campaign tour," and they are preventing as far as possible the formation of "Wilson clubs."

Although the political advisers of Mr. Wilson say privately that they have no doubt that he will be re-nominated, it was indicated that there will be no formal launching of his candidacy, as such a step might embarrass him in carrying out the policies of his administration.

Thinks Straits Will Fall.  
London, April 12. — Evidently in the belief that the Dardanelles straits will be forced by the combined military forces of the allies, the Cunard Steamship company announced that it is prepared to quote prospective rates for traffic to Smyrna, Constantinople, Odessa and Batum.

Urges Germans to Sell Bethlehem Steel.  
Berlin, April 12. — The Vossische Zeitung states that one-fifth of the shares of stock of the Bethlehem Steel corporation are owned by Germans. It proposes that they sell their holdings at once, because the corporation has disposed of \$100,000,000 worth of war materials to the allies.

Druggist Sues, Alleging Boycott.  
Washington, April 12. — James O'Donnell, a druggist here, brought suit against the Bechtel Packing company, under the Sherman law, for \$30,000 triple damages. He alleges the company and its jobbers have refused to sell its products to him because he cut its retail price.

Natives of Iowa Can Vote by Mail.  
Des Moines, Ia., April 12. — The Iowa senate passed the Klinker bill which provides that absent voters may send their ballots to their home precincts by mail. The bill has been passed by the house and now goes to the governor for his signature.

To Fasten Labels On.  
To fasten labels on bottles or cans, use a small piece of adhesive plaster. This will stick to any surface.

Dispatch.  
Dispatch is the soul of business and nothing contributes more to dispatch than method. — Lord Chesterfield.

## FIND GIRL'S BODY IN LAKE

She Disappeared From Her Home In Washington on Dec. 13.

Washington, April 12. — The finding Saturday of the body of a young woman in a small lake used for fish culture near College Park, Md., and its identification as that of Pauline Sullivan, aged seventeen, who disappeared from her home in Washington Dec. 13 last, has raised suspicion in the minds of the police authorities of Maryland and the District of Columbia that a murder has been committed.

The body was found in the edge of the lake in water but eighteen inches deep. It was fully dressed. The theory of the police is that the young woman was murdered and her body taken to the lake in an automobile.

The dead girl was a sister of Lieutenant W. B. Sullivan, of the Marine Corps. He had followed every possible clue in an effort to locate his sister. He finally reached the conclusion that she had committed suicide, for she had threatened to do so and was suffering from nervous troubles when she disappeared.

## GOVERNOR URGES CHURCHES TO AID

### Advices Members to Elect Good Officials.

Harrisburg, Pa., April 12. — Led by Governor Brumbaugh, a local option message spread to all parts of the state, for yesterday was local option Sunday, and it was so observed in the churches of the commonwealth.

The governor attended the Church of the Brethren, of which denomination he is a member, and spoke on the subject of the day.

In the course of his remarks he said: "If your officials elected to office don't stand by their creed in office they are utterly unfit to rule. We officials are set aside by the people not to lord over but to serve them."

The governor closed by saying that he hoped his hearers would see to it that only good men, sensible to their obligations to the community, get into office.

Messages were received by Dr. Brumbaugh from all parts of the state. One telegram from Erie announced that 600 men at a religious meeting pledged themselves to support him. That the various demonstrations and the word from the pulpit will add in the passage of the bill he feels assured.

The fight for the passage of the Williams-Brumbaugh local option bill will begin in earnest this week. The bill will be reported out of the law and order committee tomorrow. Members who have been "on the fence" will be called into the governor's office with others the governor hopes to win over to his side.

## FATALLY BURNED IN STABLE

Edward Quimby, of Reading, Leaps From Structure With Clothes Ablaze.

Reading, Pa., April 12. — Edward Quimby, twenty-nine years old, lost his life, and two horses, a dog and a rabbit perished in a fire which destroyed the two-story stable of Peter Dlinno, a fruit dealer, in the rear of his residence.

Quimby was an employee and slept in the stable. When the fire was discovered he appeared at a second-story window, his clothing a mass of flames, and hurled himself to the street. He was rushed to the Homeopathic hospital, where he died.

The fire started near where Quimby had been sleeping, and is supposed to have been caused by a lighted cigarette or cigar.

## DIES ON HONEYMOON

Elderly Couple Believed to Have Turned on Gas by Mistake.

Long Branch, N. J., April 12. — An elderly pair, who registered as "Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Cartan, New Month," at the Hotel Trenton here, were found unconscious.

The man was dead when a physician arrived, and the woman is still unconscious at the Monmouth hospital.

Insurance papers found among the woman's effects identified her as Mrs. Julia Salmon, a widow, of New Month. The impression is that the pair were on their honeymoon and had turned on the gas by mistake.

## Families Eat Roots.

Brown's Mills in the Pine, N. J., April 12. — Eating roots and myrtle berries to keep from starvation, several families at Whitesville and other nearby cranberry-growing centers are reported by those who have been in the pine belt during the last few days to be in need of immediate outside help if their lives are to be saved. Passing of the charcoal industry and the low prices paid to cranberry pickers last fall have taken from several of these pine communities their only source of money earning.

Don't Let Black Wed White.  
Pottsville, Pa., April 12. — It is considered that the color line has been definitely drawn in this county by the persistent refusal of Register H. H. Seltzer to grant a license to William Hill, a coal black negro, to wed Stella Weirich, a twenty-year-old white girl of West Schuylkill.

## PERSONAL NOTES AND BRIEF ITEMS

Paragraphs of News Telling of the Happenings in and about Town People Visiting Here and Those Sojourning Elsewhere.

Miss Dora Frommeyer is spending some time in Philadelphia and Norristown.

Leslie Deardorff has returned to Hagerstown after a visit of several days with friends here.

Amos Musselman has returned to Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, after spending several days at his home on Baltimore street.

Miss Ruth McDonnell has returned to Hanover after visiting friends in Gettysburg and Greencourt.

Jonas K. Robb, of Mechanicsburg, is spending several days with friends in Gettysburg.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Hutchison, of High street, were Sunday visitors with friends at Mt. Tabor.

John Hewitt, of Chambersburg street, was a visitor at the home of his parents, at Aspers, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Bumbaugh, of East Middle street, were Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. Milton Kime, Biglerville.

Miss Helen Hantz, of York Springs, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Gardner, on Stratton street.

John Walters has returned to his home on York street after a trip to Ephrata.

Mrs. H. J. Rupp, of West Middle street, and Mrs. Raymond Rupp and son, Charles, of East Middle street, have gone to Hagerstown, where they will spend a week with Robert Rupp and family.

Rev. and Mrs. Albert Bell, and family, of Sparrows Point, are visiting at the home of Mrs. Bell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Drum, Centre Square.

George Weikert has returned to Philadelphia after a visit of ten days with friends in Gettysburg.

Miss Annie Diehl, of East Middle street, is visiting friends in Carlisle.

Harry Yeagy and granddaughter, of Baltimore, spent Sunday at his home on South Washington street.

Rev. and Mrs. David C. Burnite, of Galion, Ohio, are visiting Dr. and Mrs. E. S. Breidenbaugh at their home on Carlisle street.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Kessler, of New York City, are guests at the home of Prof. George Rice, Springs avenue.

Mrs. W. L. Seabrook and Miss Frances Seabrook, of Westminster, were visitors with friends in town on Saturday.

H. P. Thorn, and family, of Martinsburg, West Virginia, visited relatives in town on Sunday.

Mrs. M. G. Comfort, of Baltimore, was a guest on Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Tipton, Chambersburg street.

Mrs. John Hurt, of Piedmont, West Virginia, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. John N. Shultz, Carlisle street.

Harry Little and family, of York, were visitors the past few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles K. Little, Chambersburg street.

Mrs. E. H. Yohn and son, of Leomoyne, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. B. Howard.

"The Sweet Creature."  
"Patrick! Patrick!" admonished a lady. "Be careful where you are walking! You nearly trod upon my darling tortoise!" "Och, be aisy, me lady!" rejoined her Irish gardener. "Shure, an' I wouldn't hurt a hair of his head, the sweet creatur!"

Unreasonable Boarder.  
Mrs. Smithers, if you are unpatriotic enough to hoard your foodstuff, that is a matter for your own conscience; but please remember in future not to give me a hoarded egg for breakfast. — Punch.

Man's Only Right.  
Each man has but a limited right to the good things of the world; and the natural allowed way by which he is to compass the possession of these things is by his own industrious acquisition of them. — South.





## BRITONS IN FEAR OF PROHIBITION BURY DRINKS IN BACK GARDENS

King George's Palaces Go "Dry," and War Alters Whole Mode of Table Life in Europe.

KING GEORGE'S palaces are now "dry." The royal command forbidding the consumption of any wines, spirits or beer in the homes of the British monarch went into effect April 6.

It is estimated that already about 120,000 other homes in Great Britain, and mostly among the well to do, have followed the example set by the king and Lord Kitchener in mounting the water wagon. "I Don't Booze" buttons are being prepared similar to those with the motto "No Drinks Between Meals" that were worn for awhile in England a few years ago.

How far the "stop drinking" movement is likely to spread among the working classes, whom it is intended to affect, cannot yet be foreseen. At present it does not appear to have found any warm welcome among the workers. The labor party has suddenly come out with a strong demand for an early peace, but the leaders deny that they are actuated by the invasion of the laborer's liberty as a drinker.

The brewers and distillers are up in arms. They believe that the voluntary campaign will fall and fear that total prohibition for the entire nation is not far off. They know that if Kitchener gives the word not another tap will be turned nor cork drawn, and they are exerting all their enormous influence to prevent the word being spoken.

### Which Is Harder Task?

While Great Britain is trying to enforce an embargo on food for the Germans, she is endeavoring to put an embargo on drink for her own people. Experts are uncertain as to which she will find the harder task.

Meanwhile some of the effects of these efforts are remarkable. They are no less striking in Germany and Austria than in England.

In Vienna, for instance, the government has figured it out that a bachelor can live on six slices of bread a day. He will be allowed to eat other things, but his bread may not exceed this quantity, which weighs 7.4 ounces, or about 12 ounces for each slice. For each slice the bachelor will have his card punched, or clipped if in coupon form. It is estimated that he can eat two slices for breakfast, one for lunch, one for the afternoon coffee and two for dinner.

These new food rules for bachelors are also to apply to persons living alone without a household, and they were dated to go into effect on April 11. Until that day no Viennese householder was to be permitted to use more than 2.53 ounces of flour a day for each member of the family.

In England they are counting the cost of the battle against drink because the government has stated that, if it has to close up all the breweries and distilleries it will pay full compensation. The sort of sum this is likely to jump into may be estimated from the fact that the average expenditure even now per head of the population on drink is more than \$100 a year, counting men, women and babies.

### Drink \$933,405,000 a Year.

The drink bill for the United Kingdom for 1913, the figures for which year are the latest issued, amounted to no less than the astounding sum of \$933,405,000. In 1912 the British nation's drink bill was \$807,790,650. It is believed that that for 1914 was correspondingly higher than that of 1913.

Thus the money spent on drink by the British people amounts to more than double the combined expenditures of the nation for its army and navy in times of peace.

From these figures it will be seen that if prohibition of the sale of liquor comes in Great Britain it will cause the biggest shock ever felt in that country. The brewers are pleading that British ale is a necessary part of a Briton's food. Some are saying the men could not work without drink. Others declare that unless the men drank and ruddled their minds so that they do not recognize their conditions they would not bear them.

Probably the early British cave man had his cocktail, crude but comforting. It is a matter of historic record that the English were making merry on mead before the custom of staining one's self bright blue with woad began to be considered the classy dress for the smart society people of those days.

The sudden shutting off of the sale of drink is certain to be dramatic. It is likely that it will be done at night by the police and the inland revenue officers, as happened in Russia. The general opinion is that such a method might do for the simple Slavs, but would not "go" in England. But it is unlikely that the saloon keepers of Britain will be caught napping.

At any rate, in preparation for the dear dry days wine and beer are already being hidden on an extensive scale. Beer is being buried in back yards, hidden in attics, stowed under cellared coals and pushed up into used chimneys. The suburban gardener is canceling plans for lettuce crop.

### Your Own Keeper.

Every thought we think images itself in the mind, and every image that is persistently held in mind is bound to materialize.—Jean Porter Radd.

Bachelors in Vienna Limited to Six Slices of Bread a Day, and Poor Have to Eat Straw.

and utilizing the moon for vespers trenching.

"I am a poor man," said a London bartender the other day, "but I can see what is coming, and I have mortgaged our home and laid in three gross of bottled whisky and half a dozen sacks of Portland cement. I have hired a wagon, and we are going to drive down Easter Monday to a cottage in Kent where my missus' sister Emma lives. After we have buried the stuff I am going to lay a concrete bed over it in case of accidents."

"Zeppelin bombs?" he was asked.

"No, sister-in-law's husband," he answered.

### May Exempt Ireland.

There is some authority for a belief that Ireland will be exempt from prohibition, nominally because it is producing no munitions of war. The result certainly would be the discovery on an unprecedented scale of the superiority of Irish scenery and air and the salubrity and general suitability of Ireland for vacations.

"We shall have to change the war song," said the manager of a tourist agency. "Believe me, the morning that John Bull awakens to find prohibition gripping the land the nation will be singing, 'It's a short way to Tipperary.'"

Throughout the Easter holidays not only the church people, but business men and employers of labor, spent their vacation circulating petitions reading:

"I am entirely in favor of the suspension of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors during the war, which I consider imperative for a quick and successful termination of the war. I shall heartily support the government in any such measure."

Under the defense of the realm act the British government has power to enforce prohibition merely by an order of the king in council without any further appeal to parliament.

Sir Thomas Dewar, the whisky man, in defending the trade has declared prohibition an absolute failure in America. Sir William M. Ramsay, the scientist, denying this, says in a published statement that his experience in America converted him to the prohibition cause and asserts that, despite "blind tigers" and other ways of evasion, the effect is most beneficial.

### Germans Find New Foods.

But, while the British are worrying about a possible total lack of drink, the Germans and Austrians are no less anxious about their food.

Germany's newest food material is straw soup. It is the result of investigation by Hans Friedenthal, M. D., lecturer in the University of Berlin. The straw is reduced to flour by a special process. The indigestible and unpalatable cell walls are eliminated and the nutritive matter retained. It is served in a soup not unlike green rye soup and is even fit for baby food.

According to Vorwärts, all non-poisonous substances, including skins, peelings and the bark of trees, may be converted into wholesome eating matter for man if thoroughly disintegrated and properly treated.

The war has taught the people of Vienna and the whole of Austria that maize is an article by no means to be despised. Even the poor women of the people, with scant purses, would at first refuse maize. "Fit for cattle and hogs only," they would say. But they had to eat it, and they quickly learned how.

Next potato flakes, shaved and dried, were mingled with the flour. They managed to eat that too. "Nothing like trying after all," said an old man after his first meal of such bread.

But it took a lot of talking, printing, placarding of walls with maxims of decrees, of lecturing, to work this change. The National Austrian Women's association took in hand the matter of lecturing. A thousand or more cooking and baking courses were established all over the empire, even in small towns and villages. Women of the highest aristocracy, like Archduchess Zita, Countess Hoyos and Countess Zamoyska, took part.

This has altered the whole mode of table life of the Austrians, who are by nature bent rather careless and thoughtless. Nothing now is wasted in foodstuff, no matter how little or how coarse.

### OLYMPIC HERO DIES IN WAR.

Famous Quarter Mile Champion Succumbs to Wounds.

The latest British casualty list includes Lieutenant Halswelle of the Highland Light Infantry, who died of wounds at the front. He was the famous quarter mile runner who won for Great Britain at the Olympic games at the stadium at Shepherd's Bush, London.

His victory was both unfortunate and sensational. In the second heat it was alleged, he was bored off the track by the American, Carpenter, and the latter was disqualified.

### The Difference.

A man's clothes are in style as long as they are wearable; a woman's, wearable as long as they are in style.—Youth's Companion.

## GIRL OF TWELVE MARVEL OF MIND

Winifred Stoner's Learning Astonishes Scientists.

### MOTHER RELATES THEORIES.

When Winifred Plays Chess She Talks Only French—Parent Says Children Should Begin Study of Languages Before They Are Twelve—Wants to Edit Children's Magazine.

Winifred Sackville Stoner, the twelve-year-old daughter of James Buchanan Stoner, because of her remarkable mental attainments and physical development has attracted much attention from educators and scientists all over the world.

Dr. Stoner, who has been surgeon at the United States Marine hospital in Pittsburgh, has been transferred to Wilmington, N. C., and the family shortly will go into its new home.

Mother and daughter, both remarkable for their vitality and enthusiasm, if nothing else, received reporters in their suit in a New York hotel. Mrs. Stoner did most of the talking. Her big, sturdy youngster is a wholesome, rosy checked tomboy girl and wanted to romp rather than show off.

### Training Began Before Birth.

Mrs. Stoner said she began her process of "natural education" before her baby was born.

"As soon as I realized that the good fairies were going to bring me a baby I began to plan for her," said Mrs. Stoner. "I knew that I must always be cheerful and happy if I wanted my baby to have a sweet disposition, so I was always thinking pure thoughts and smiling."

"I started training my child within two weeks after her birth. Instead of giving her rattles to play with, I tied a ball on a string across two chairs and let her kick at it, so that she was really playing football before she was a month old. When she was two months old I propped her up on pillows and rolled a ball to her, at the same time quoting lines from Virgil, so she has been familiar with them practically all her life."

"Her evening prayer was Tennyson's 'Crossing the Bar.' She could say that before she was a year old. I would never allow any one to talk baby talk to her."

### Wants to Ride a Horse.

Winifred has not decided just what she wants to be when she grows up, but she surely wants a horse.

"I think now I'd like to be the editor of a magazine for children," she said, "but I would like to be a cowboy girl at the same time. If I had a magazine I would give every struggling writer every opportunity in the world to show what he could do, because I can't imagine anything on earth more discouraging than to have a manuscript returned."

"A few of my things have been returned, so I know just what the feeling is."

When Winifred plays chess she talks only French. Two or three nights a week the Stoner family decides that for the entire evening only Italian will be spoken, and all play games, sing and converse in that language. Other times only Spanish will be spoken or Japanese, Latin or Esperanto.

Little Miss Stoner is enough of a modern young lady to dab her face with powder when her nose looks shiny.

"Just look at me!" she exclaimed when she caught a glance of her face in the mirror. "I am a perfect sight!"

And she promptly used her mother's powder puff.

Mrs. Stoner says children should begin the study of languages before they are twelve years old, because after that time they do not get the correct accents. However, Winifred is so far advanced now that mamma will "just let her take things easy for a couple of years."

### SURE IT'S SEA SERPENT.

Florida Folk See Fabled Monster Washed Ashore.

If buzzards had not reached the spot before naturalists the Smithsonian institution might now have a really creditable specimen of the fabled sea serpent, for one was washed ashore at Indian Rocks, Fla., a few days ago. Its remains have been visited by numerous people.

From head to tail the length of the thing was estimated to be twenty-eight feet. The mouth was large, with saw-like teeth in immense jaws.

Extending the whole length of the back was a continuous fin, supported by spines several inches long, connected by a sort of gauze.

### NO "LAW'S DELAYS" HERE.

Slayer Is Tried and Sentenced Day After His Crime.

Law's delay had little to do with the case of Robert Smith of Cleveland for the murder of Mrs. Grace Steinhauser of Saginaw, Mich., to whom he was to have been married that night. Smith was next day sentenced to imprisonment for life.

Smith met Mrs. Steinhauser in the county jail recently, where he was serving a term for vagrancy.

### Daily Thought.

The end and purpose of work is the development of the body, mind and character, not success.

## STATE CONVENTION FACES LONG TASK

Mending New York Constitution to Take All Summer.

### ELINU ROOT IS CHAIRMAN.

Citizens Expect to Gain Important Changes Along Progressive Lines, Especially in the Matter of Home Rule For the Government of Cities and Conservation.

The work of the seventh convention in New York state in 139 years to revise the constitution of the state, which met at Albany April 6, will be in progress all summer. The new constitution must be completed by the middle of September, as the revised draft must be drawn up six weeks before the next November election, when it will be submitted to the people for approval.

After organizing, the convention adjourned until April 26.

Ex-Senator Elinu Root, who has held many important offices, among them that of secretary of war and secretary of state at Washington, and was an important factor in the last convention of 1894, was elected president of the convention, being the unanimous choice of what is considered a gathering of the greatest minds in the state.

There are 168 delegates, three from each of the fifty-one senate districts in the state and fifteen at large. Each is to receive \$1,500 for his work and mileage to and from his home once. The convention will cost the state about \$500,000.

### Republicans in Control.

The Republicans have 116 delegates and the Democrats fifty-two.

Four of the delegates were delegates at the last convention, twenty-one years ago. They are Mr. Root, De Lancey Nicol, Charles S. Merenes and Louis Marshall.

The nonpartisan spirit of the convention was shown when no floor leaders were chosen. In their stead were selected two vice presidents, Jacob Gould Schurman, president of Cornell University, a Republican, and Morgan J. O'Brien, a Democrat.

It is expected that many important changes along progressive lines will be made in the constitution of the state as the result of the convention. Ex-Senator Root foreshadowed this in his speech. He said:

"Great changes have come in the industrial and social life of the state since the last convention. To attain ends which every one agrees ought to be attained it appears necessary that government shall interfere to a much greater extent than in former times with the complicated and interdependent life of the people. The business which government is required to undertake has vastly increased both in magnitude and variety, and there is a widespread feeling that in some respects the feeling of the government has outgrown the organization of government."

### To Give Voter Power.

"Many thoughtful citizens consider that our system of taxation, appropriation and expenditure of moneys, which worked very well in simpler times, is now quite inadequate. Many think that the strictly municipal interests of our great cities require more protection in the way of home rule provisions than is afforded in the present constitution."

"Many think that the natural resources of the state, particularly the forests and water power, should be brought under a system of conservation and utilization having the stability of a constitutional basis. Many think that our ballot has become too complicated and unwieldy and that the real power of the voter over the affairs of government would be increased if there were fewer candidates to be voted for and fewer subjects for the voters to pass upon at the same time."

"Many think that the great multitude of separate officers and commissions which have been created from time to time to meet new demands for official action should be brought into more definite relations with each other and under more systematic supervision and control."

"These and other subjects have enlisted the interest of respectable bodies of citizens who are entitled to have from this convention attentive consideration of their opinions."

### UNIFORMS AT 15 A MINUTE.

British Firm Sets Record of Speed in Clothing Soldiers.

Army uniforms are being turned out by the manufacturers of Leeds, England, at the rate of fifteen a minute, or 7,200 for a day of eight hours or 42,200 a week.

In a model factory the piece of khaki cloth, measuring from fifty-five yards to sixty-five yards in length and weighing twenty-one to twenty-two ounces to the yard, enters the cutting room and after passing through only four other departments is presented to the government as pressed and completed uniforms. They are made in eighteen sizes.

Never in all its history has Leeds turned out so many boots as in the past few months. War office inspectors insist on the best and examine all material. The boots cost the government \$5 a pair.

### Treat Them Carefully.

All human things of dearest value hang on slender strings.—Edmund Waller.

## The KITCHEN CUPBOARD

### OLD AND TRIED RECIPES.

HERE are some old and tried recipes which, while they take some time to prepare, are very economical and delicious. Try them for your Easter luncheon.

### Stuffed Calf's Heart.

Merely wash off the blood. One could by sucking extract all the flavor from the heart. Stuff it with veal forcemeat stuffing or a common stuffing. Tie the buttered paper over the mouth of the heart to keep the stuffing in place. Put it into a small baking pan with a little hot water, pepper and salt. Bake nearly two hours, basting it very frequently. When done thicken the gravy with flour, strain, skim and season it and pour it on the dish around heart. Garnish the plate with onions, first boiled until nearly done, then seasoned with pepper, salt and a little butter, and browned in oven.

### Pot Pie of Veal.

Cut the veal into pieces, put them into enough boiling water to cover them, add also two or three strips of pork, cover the pot closely, boil an hour, then season with pepper and salt to taste and a little piece of butter. Just before taking ingredients out of the pot to send to table put into it when the water is boiling separate spoonfuls of batter made with two eggs well beaten, two and one-half or three cupfuls of buttermilk, one teaspoonful of soda and sufficient flour. The batter should be made just before it is cooked. It takes about three or four minutes to cook it, the water not to be allowed to stop boiling. This dish should then be served immediately or the dumplings will become heavy.

### Steamed Graham Bread.

Mix and sift three cupfuls graham flour, one cupful flour, three and one-half teaspoonfuls soda and one teaspoonful salt. Add seven-eighths cupful molasses and two and one-half cupfuls sour milk. Beat thoroughly and turn into one pound buttered baking powder boxes. Tie down covers and put in kettle of boiling water, having water half cover boxes. Steam two hours. Never allow water to be below boiling point.

### Stuffing For Baked Fish.

Over one pint of bread crumbs pour one-half cupful of juice (not strained) from a can of tomatoes. Mince up three baked or fried sausages and pour fat and all over bread mixture. Add one-half teaspoonful sage, one teaspoonful lemon or vinegar, salt and pepper to taste. Fill the fish and bake in usual way.

Anna Thompson.

## FARMERS WARN LEGISLATORS

Say Public Pays Needless Costs

Put Upon Railroads by Laws.

Trenton, April 10.

Grange organizations to the number of forty-four, with a membership of 6510, have gone on record in support of the bill now in the Railroad Committee of the Legislature for repeal of the Full Crew—excess man crew—Law, with power given to the Public Utility Commissioners to determine the proper manning of trains.

In further support of this measure, legislators have been advised of the action taken by farmers and cattle raisers of Texas in successfully opposing efforts to enact an excess man crew law in that state. The Farmers' Union of Texas adopted the following resolution:

"The matter of prime importance to the farmers of this state is an adequate marketing system; and we recognize that such a system is impossible without adequate railroad facilities, embracing the greatest amount of service at the least possible cost. We further recognize that the farmers and producers in the end pay approximately ninety-five per cent of the expense of operating the railroads, and it is therefore to the interests of the producer that the expense of the common carriers be as small as is possible consistent with good service and safety."

"We therefore call upon our lawmakers, courts and juries to bear the foregoing facts in mind when dealing with the common carriers of this state. And we do especially reaffirm the declaration of the annual convention of our State Union, held August, 1913, endorsing the action of our worthy ex-President, Peter Radford, Secretary C. Smith, and the Executive Committee who served with them in their opposing the passage of the so-called 'full crew' bill."

The above article is furnished by the railroads in their efforts for the repeal of the Full Crew Bill.

### Why It Is Hard to Save Money.

The hardest thing in the world is self-control, and the saving of money means the exercising of self-control in all directions at once. That is what makes saving so hard for most of us.—Platt.

### Smiles.

If we cannot strew life's path with flowers, wrote Charles Dickens, we can at least strew it with smiles.

## Clothes for the well dressed Man

The quietly elegant for the Conservative dresser, and the newly different for young men and older men who feel (and are) young.

Soft-finished fabrics in subdued, rich shades, plain or with neat line stripes and check.

J. D. LIPPY, Tailor.

## Dollar -:- Excursion

—TO—  
BALTIMORE

Thursday, April 15th.

Leaving Gettysburg 7:15 A. M. Returning leaves Baltimore 8 P. M.



### FOR SALE

One pair of dark bay mules sixteen hands high, one a good leader, the other a good off-side worker, four and five years old.

One pair of bay mules, two years old, good workers and are big mules. The one is a leader.

JOHN F. BISHOP,

R. I. Aspers, Pa.  
United phone.

## FOR SALE

French Burr Chopping Mill. Complete with frame and gearing, will sell cheap.

W. S. ADAMS

Aspers, P. O.

United Phone.

## Easy & Practical Home Dress Making Lessons

Prepared Especially For This Newspaper by Pictorial Review

### SUSPENDER EFFECT IN COVERT CLOTH.

spring and summer. The trimming used in most instances is soutache braid.

The mannish mixtures and serges are best suited to the development of suspender frocks. Later in the season handsome models will be reproduced in linen and tailored materials of tub variety. The skirt of this design is plain and full, with large pockets, trimmed with braid. The suspenders are stitched with soutache and attached to the narrow girdle. Five yards of 44-inch material make the skirt and suspenders.

There can never be any trouble about the cutting out of a model if the pattern is properly arranged on the material beforehand. In using 44-inch material, if it is folded exactly in half the front and back gores may be placed on a lengthwise fold of the goods.

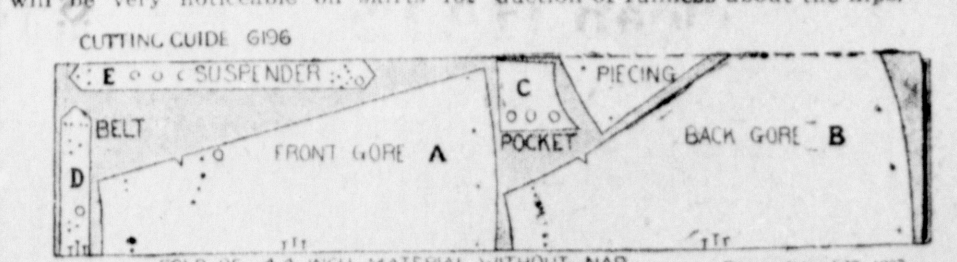
Beginning at the left hand side, place the belt (crosswise) on the material, about an inch from the edge. To the right of the belt place the front gore; then follow with the left. There will be sufficient space between the two gores to place the pocket and piecing on a lengthwise thread.

The suspender can be cut from the material opposite the front gore and should be arranged along the selvedge edge, on a lengthwise thread. There is a 3/4-inch seam allowance, so that in sewing together the edges of the suspenders there will be no danger of frayed edges.

Fashion has given to braiding a very prominent place as a trimming, therefore the majority of the suspender effects are decorated with fine silk soutache braid stitched in pretty design upon the straps, belt and pocket.

A change has come in the manner of taking up the fullness of skirts about the waist-line. Sometimes it is disposed of entirely by pleats at the back, again by gathers. Formerly any folds drawn in by the belt were mathematically precise. Now they are irregular in that one of them is likely to be quite straight, while its nearest neighbor described a sort of triangle.

When pockets are used, however, care must be taken to avoid the introduction of fullness about the hips.



Pictorial Review Waist No. 6112. Sizes 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust. Price, 15 cents.

Shirt No. 6196. Sizes 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32 and 34 inches waist. Price, 15 cents.

Braiding Design No. 11895. Price, 15 cents.





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## CHAPTER II.

### The Making of a Man.

JOHN BELLEW grew anxious. Capturing a bunch of Indians backtripping from Lake Lindeman, he persuaded them to put their straps on the outfit. They charged 30 cents a pound to carry it to the summit of Chilkoot, and it nearly broke him. As it was, some 400 pounds of clothes and camp outfit were not handled. He remained behind to move it along, dispatching Kit with the Indians. At the summit Kit was to remain, slowly moving his ton until overtaken by the 400 pounds with which his uncle guaranteed to catch him.

Kit plodded along the trail with his Indian packers. At the end of a quarter of a mile he desired to rest. But the Indians kept on. He stayed with them and kept his place in the line. At the half mile he was convinced that he was incapable of another step, yet he gritted his teeth, kept his place and at the end of the mile was amazed that he was still alive.

Then, in some strange way, came the thing called second wind, and the next mile was almost easier than the first. The third mile nearly killed him, but, though half delirious with pain and fatigue, he never whimpered. And then when he felt he must surely faint came the rest. Instead of sitting in the straps, as was the custom of the white packers, the Indians slipped out of the shoulder and head straps and lay at ease, talking and smoking.

A full half hour passed before they made another start. To Kit's surprise he found himself a fresh man, and "long hauls and long rests" became his newest motto.

The pitch of Chilkoot was all he had heard of it, and many were the occasions when he climbed with hands as well as feet. But when he reached the crest of the divide in the thick of a driving snow squall it was in the company of his Indians, and his secret pride was that he had come through with them and never squealed and never lagged.

When he had paid off the Indians and seen them depart a stormy darkness was falling, and he was left alone, a thousand feet above timber line, on the backbone of a mountain. Wet to the waist, famished and exhausted, he would have given a year's income for a fire and a cup of coffee. Instead he ate half a dozen cold flapjacks and crawled into the folds of the partly unrolled tent.

In the morning, stiff from his labors and numb with the frost, he rolled out of the canvas, ate a couple of pounds of uncooked bacon, buckled the straps on a hundred pounds and went down the rocky way. Several hundred yards beneath the trail led across a small glacier and down to Crater lake. Other men packed across the glacier. All that day he dropped his packs at the glacier's upper edge, and by virtue of the shortness of the pack he put his straps on 150 pounds each load. His astonishment at being able to do it never abated.



"Did you see my smoke?" he queried cheerfully.

Unwashed, unwarmed, his clothing wet with sweat, he slept another night in the canvas.

In the early morning he spread a tarpaulin on the ice, loaded it with three-quarters of a ton and started to pull. Where the pitch of the glacier accelerated, his load likewise accelerated, overran him, scooped him in on top and ran away with him.

A hundred packers, bending under their loads, stopped to watch him. He

velled frantic warnings, and those in his path stumbled and staggered clear. Below, on the lower edge of the glacier, was pitched a small tent, which seemed leaping toward him, so rapidly did it grow larger. He left the beaten track where the packers' trail swerved to the left and struck a pitch of fresh snow. This arose about him in frosty smoke, while it reduced his speed. He saw the tent the instant he struck it, carrying away the corner guys, bursting in the front flaps and fetching up inside, still on top of the tarpaulin and in the midst of his grub sacks.

The tent rocked drunkenly, and in the frosty vapor he found himself face to face with a startled young woman

who was sitting up in her blankets—the very one who had called him a tenderfoot at Dyea.

"Did you see my smoke?" he queried cheerfully.

She regarded him with disapproval. "It was a mercy you did not overturn the stove," she said.

He followed her glance and saw a sheet iron stove and a coffee pot, attended by a young squaw. He sniffed the coffee and looked back to the girl. "I've shed my shooting irons," he said.

Then she recognized him, and her eyes lighted. "I never thought you'd get this far," she informed him.

Again, and greedily, he sniffed the air. "As I live, coffee!" He turned and directly addressed her: "I'll give you my little finger—cut it off right now—I'll do anything; I'll be your slave for a year and a day or any other old time, if you'll give me a cup out of that pot."

And over the coffee he gave his name and learned hers, Joy Gastell. Also he learned that she had been born in the country. She was an old timer in a trading post on the Great Slave and as a child had crossed the Rockies with her father and come down to the Yukon. She was going in, she said, with her father, who had been delayed by business in Seattle.

In view of the fact that she was still in her blankets, he did not make it a long conversation, and, heroically declining a second cup of coffee, he removed himself and his quarter of a ton of baggage from her tent. Further, he took several conclusions away with him—she had a fetching name and fetching eyes, could not be more than twenty or twenty-one or twenty-two, her father must be French, she had a will of her own, temperament to burn and she had been educated elsewhere than on the frontier.

The last pack from Long lake to Lindeman was three miles, and the trail rose up over a thousand foot hog back, dropped down a scramble of slippery rocks and crossed a wide stretch of swamp. John Bellew remonstrated when he saw Kit rise with a hundred pounds in the straps and pick up a fifty pound sack of flour and place it on top of the pack against the back of his neck.

"Come on, you chunk of the hard," Kit retorted. "Kick in on your bear meat fodder and your one suit of underclothes."

But John Bellew shook his head. "I'm afraid I'm getting old, Christopher."

"Avuncular, I want to tell you something important. I was raised a Lord Fauntleroy, but I can outpack you, out walk you, put you on your back or lick you with my fists right now."

John Bellew thrust out his hand. "Christopher, my boy, I believe you can do it. I believe you can do it with that pack on your back at the same time. You've made good, boy, though it's too unthinkable to believe."

Kit made the round trip of the last pack four times a day, which is to say that he daily covered twenty-four miles of mountain climbing, twelve miles of it under 150 pounds. He was

proud, hard and tired, but in splendid physical condition.

One problem bothered him. He had learned that he could fall with a hundredweight on his back and survive, but he was confident that if he fell with that additional fifty pounds across the back of his neck it would break it clean. Each trail through the swamp was quickly churned bottomless by the thousands of packers, who were compelled continually to make new trails. It was while pioneering such a new trail that he solved the problem of the extra fifty.

The soft slush surface gave way under him. He floundered and pitched forward on his face. The fifty pounds crushed his face into the mud and went clear without snapping his neck. With the remaining hundred pounds on his back he arose on hands and knees. But he got no farther. One arm sank to the shoulder, plowing his cheek in the slush. As he drew this arm clear the other sank to the shoulder. In this position it was impossible to slip the straps, and the hundredweight on his back would not let him rise.

On hands and knees, sinking first one arm and then the other, he made an effort to crawl to where the small sack of flour had fallen. But he ex-

hausted himself without advancing, and so churned and broke the grass surface that a tiny pool of water began to form in perilous proximity to his mouth and nose.

He tried to throw himself on his back with the pack underneath, but this resulted in sinking both arms to the shoulders and gave him a foretaste of drowning. Then he began to call for help. After a time he heard the sound of feet sucking through the mud as some one advanced from behind.

"Lend a hand, friend," he said. "Throw out a life line or something."

It was a woman's voice that answered, and he recognized it.

"If you'll unbuckle the straps I can get up."

The hundred pounds rolled into the mud with a soggy noise, and he slowly gained his feet.

"A pretty predicament," Miss Gastell laughed at sight of his mud covered face.

"Not at all," he replied airily. "My favorite physical exercise stunt."

He wiped his face, flinging the slush from his hand with a squawky look.

"Oh," she cried in recognition. "It's Mr.—ah—Mr. Smoke Bellew."

"I thank you gravely for your timely rescue and for that name," he answered. "I have been doubly baptized. Henceforth I shall insist always on being called Smoke Bellew."

The arctic came down apace. Snow that had come to stay lay six inches on the ground, and the ice was forming in quiet ponds despite the fierce gales that blew. It was in the late afternoon during a blizzard in such a gale that Kit and John Bellew helped the cousins load the boat and watched it disappear down the lake in a snow squall.

"And now a night's sleep and an early start in the morning," said John Bellew. "If we aren't storm bound at the summit we'll make Dyea tomorrow night, and if we have luck in catching a steamer we'll be in San Francisco in a week."

Their camp for that last night at Lindeman was a melancholy remnant. Everything of use, including the tent, had been taken by the cousins.

Only once during supper did Kit speak. "Avuncular," he said, "after this I wish you'd call me Smoke. I've made some smoke on this trail, have I not?"

A few minutes later he wandered away in the direction of the village of tents that sheltered the gold rushers who were still packing or building their boats. He was gone several hours, and when he returned and slipped into his blankets John Bellew was asleep.

In the darkness of a gale driven morning Kit crawled out, built a fire in his stocking feet, by which he thawed out his frozen shoes, then boiled coffee and fried bacon. It was a chilly, miserable meal. As soon as it was finished they strapped their blankets. As John Bellew turned to lead the way toward the Chilkoot trail Kit held out his hand.

"Goodbye, avuncular," he said. John Bellew looked at him and swore in his surprise.

"For what are you going to do?" Kit waved his hand in a general direction northward over the storm lashed lake. "What's the use of turning back after getting this far?" he asked.

"Besides, I've got my taste of meat, and I like it. I'm going on."

"You're broke," protested John Bellew. "You have no outfit."

"I've got a job. Behold your nephew, Christopher Smoke Bellew! He's got a job. He's a gentleman's man. He's got a job at \$150 per month and grub. He's going down to Dawson with a couple of dudes and another gentleman's man—camp cook, boatman and general all around hustler. Goodbye!"

But John Bellew was dazed and could only mutter, "I don't understand."

"They say the bald face grizzlies are thick in the Yukon basin," Kit explained. "Well, I've got only one suit of underclothes, and I'm going after the bear meat, that's all!"

(Continued To-morrow.)

## SNAPSHOTS OF NOTABLE PERSONS

A. Mitchell Palmer, Chief Justice Court of Claims.



Photo by American Press Association.

Alexander Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania, who was recently appointed chief justice of the federal court of claims, finished his third term as a representative to congress on March 4 last. Last fall Mr. Mitchell went before the people of Pennsylvania as a candidate for the United States senate on the Democratic ticket, but was beaten at the polls by Boies Penrose, Republican, who has held down the job since 1897.

During Mr. Palmer's career as a congressman he was active and aggressive and became one of the recognized leaders of his party. He was a steady and forceful worker for President Wilson at the Baltimore convention and since the advent of the present administration has been one of Mr. Wilson's most trusted allies on the floor of the house. Judge Palmer is credited with defeating Charles M. Schwab in a labor inquiry. When the Democrats of the Sixty-third congress met in caucus Lander Underwood, who called Palmer his "strong right arm," nominated him for caucus chairman, and he was unanimously elected. As such it was his duty to preside over the Democratic caucus in the house more than any other chairman ever did, for the great tariff and currency bills were both debated and considered line by line in Democratic caucuses for weeks, entailing much labor for Mr. Palmer.

A native of Stroudsburg, Pa., Judge Palmer was educated at Swarthmore college, from which he was graduated in 1891 with the highest honors in his class. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1893. Judge Palmer has practiced his profession with success and is a director in several industrial and financial institutions. He is now chairman of the executive campaign committee of the Democratic national committee.

Ruler of the Hellenes. When the allied fleets began smashing the forts of the Dardanelles the people of Greece believed that the time had arrived when the Hellenic nation should abandon its policy of neutrality and enter the war against their ancient foes, the Turks. King Constantine, however, against the sentiment of parliament and the entire Hellenic race, asked for the resignation of Premier Venizelos, who favored entering the conflict. This action raised a storm of protest from the people, who believed that Greece should join the triple entente in the desperate struggle against the Turk.



KING CONSTANTINE OF GREECE.

King Constantine of Greece was born in Athens in 1868. During the wars of 1912-13 he won great popularity for the services he rendered in two successive campaigns. He succeeded to the throne in March, 1913, his father, King George, having been assassinated at Saloniki, which had been captured from the Turks. King Constantine was married in 1889 to Princess Sophia, a sister of the German emperor. The wedding was attended by the Kaiser and members of the royal families of every court in Europe. Soon afterward Sophia renounced her Lutheran religion and took that of her husband, thereby deeply offending her brother and others of her family.

Romance to Reality. Girls are such sentimental creatures that it gives romance a rude jolt when the honeymoon is over and they see Algernon in his shirt sleeves, chopping up kindling wood out in the back yard.—Florida Times-Union.

## SHE WAS A TRUE WIFE.

The Story of a Crisis and the Way It Was Happily Handled.

A woman has just told us of what she did the night her young husband found himself bankrupt. His factory was closed, he had lost all he owned—plus a good deal more—and, as he looked at it, life was about at an end. He reflected that he had taken his wife from a happy and charming home and that he had brought disgrace and poverty on her. It occurred to him that a well placed bullet might be the best all round solution of his difficulties.

His wife, at home, made a poignant surmise as to what he was thinking. Suddenly it occurred to her that here was a chance for team work—an opportunity to show what being a wife really meant. She prepared a delicious little dinner, she made her home as inviting as she could, and she arrayed herself in her most becoming dress.

Her husband returned, not to a disheveled and sobbing woman, to a neglected house and a drama of disaster, but to a home where everything spoke of resolution, of continuity, of expectation. The fire on his hearth, his simple, well cooked dinner, the courageous eyes of his attractive wife, restored him to a true sense of values. He was able, amid all his confusion of purpose and torment of realization, to see his failure as only a retrievable episode in his life.

He is now a successful manufacturer, his debts are paid and he has a happy home with a son and a daughter in it. He was saved from being a suicide by the fact that a woman was sportsmanlike at the right moment.—Collier's Weekly.

Had Learned One Lesson. At one school the pupils were requested to bring 5 cents each for the piano. Donations were slow in coming and the teacher was obliged to remind the class frequently before the total was collected.

A few days later, at the physiology lesson, the teacher asked, "What are the five senses?" To which an earnest foreigner replied, "Five centimes is for de piano."—New York Tribune.

A Pertinent Query. She was leaving the city for home and by way of making her departure pleasant for those who had served her gave a nickel to a chambermaid, saying, "Mary, you take a nice long car ride." The maid replied, "Yes, ma'am; thank you, ma'am, but how will I get back?"—Argonaut.

A Timely Question. "Love me and the world is mine," said the impassioned youth. "Do be sensible, Henry," replied the practical girl. "I care not for the world. Tell me whether or not there is any permanency attached to your job."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Actual Fact. "The ancient Romans used to write on wax tablets." "I've heard about melting letters, but I thought that was just a figure of speech,"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Caustic. Sampley—The doctor says there's something the matter with my head. Sharp—You surely didn't pay a doctor to tell you that!—Boston Transcript.

## NEW LOCATION

FOR THE KLEAN KLOTHES KLUB NOW AT Storeroom formerly occupied by Misses Frommeyer, in the GARLACH BUILDING on Chambersburg Street. Opposite the Eagle Hotel. MAY WE SERVE YOU ???

## ASK FOR THESE SPECIALS AT CASSAT'S :: GREEN :: GROCERY

For TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY ONLY.

Herring - 15c per dozen Buck Shad - 25c each  
Skips - 18c each Roe Shad - 60c each

Full Supply of all kinds of GREEN GOODS.

22 Carlisle Street.

## FOR SALE

Black Gelding, 4 years old,

weight about 1350. Good worker and will sell worth the money. A few Registered Berkshire Service Boars and Pigs that will recommend themselves.

Rose Comb Rhode Island Red Eggs for hatching at 50c per 15 or \$3.00 per hundred.

Some small Irish Cobbler and Drouth Proof planting potatoes at 35c per bu.

J. C. BREAN,

Route 4, Gettysburg

## FOR SALE

Two Horses,

One a brood mare, four years old, has been worked most everywhere, the other a three-year old;

Four Cows,

One a full Guernsey with calf by her side, the others winter cows; TWO BULLS, in service, one a Guernsey, the other a Jersey.

EDW. A. SCOTT,

United phone 613 J

R. 4, Gettysburg

## Medical Advertising

## Answer The Call

Gettysburg People Have Found That This Is Necessary.

A cold, a strain, a sudden wrench, a little cause may hurt the kidneys. Spells of backache often follow. Or some irregularity of the urine. A splendid remedy for such attacks. A medicine that has satisfied thousands.

Is Doan's Kidney Pills, a special kidney remedy.

Many Gettysburg people rely on it. Here is Gettysburg proof. John J. Tawney, 234 Baltimore St., Gettysburg, says: "I still use Doan's Kidney Pills, in fact, I always keep them in the house. I take a few doses occasionally and they keep my kidneys in good working order. I suffered off and on from pains in my kidneys and I was so lame and stiff that I could hardly get out of bed. Someone advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills and I got a supply at the People's Drug Store. It didn't take them long to give relief. You may continue publishing my former endorsement of Doan's Kidney Pills."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Tawney had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

## DR. M. T. DILL DENTIST

BIGLERVILLE PA Will be at York Springs Wednesday of Each Week. Bendersville Friday of Each Week

## FOR SALE

Two four year old MARES. Good size and well broken.

C. A. SPANGLER R. 4, Gettysburg PHONE 648 E.

## REPORT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE CITIZEN'S TRUST COMPANY OF GETTYSBURG, Adams Co., Pa., at the close of business, APRIL 5th, 1915.

RESOURCES	
Reserve Fund:	
Cash, Specie and Notes	\$ 40,575 50
Due from approved reserve agents	43,428 21
Legal securities at par	10,000 00
Nickels and cents	95,115 71
Checks and cash items	88 06
Due from Banks and Trust Cos.	267 62
not in reserve	8,216 64
Securities pledged for bills payable	31,320 69
Time loans with collateral	32,821 47
Loans without collateral	39,292 61
Stocks, bonds, etc.	47,175 31
Mortgages and judgments on record	17,175 09
Office building and lot	19,649 57
Furniture and fixtures	1,399 61
Overdrafts	1,507 92
Book value of reserve securities above par	150 00
	\$ 860,027 15

## LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	\$ 125,000 00
Surplus fund	60,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	35,135 22
Individual deposits subject to check exclusive of trust funds & savings	170,320 85
Time certificates of deposit	385,282 79
Due to Banks, Trust Cos., etc., not in reserve	42 30
Dividends unpaid	1,817 75
Treas. & certified checks outstanding	2,966 18
Bills payable on time	2,010 40
	\$ 860,027 15
Am. of trust funds invested	282,900 70
Am. of trust funds uninvested	1,867 69
Total Trust funds	284,554 39

CORPORATE TRUSTS Total amount (i. e. face value) of Trusts under deeds of trust or mortgages executed by Corporations to the Company as Trustee to secure issues of corporate bonds, including Equipment Trusts, \$ 200,000 00 State of Pennsylvania, County of Adams, ss: I, Harry L. Snyder, Treasurer of the above named Company do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. HARRY L. SNYDER, Treasurer. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of April, 1915. WILLIAM L. MEALS, Notary Public. Correct Attest: CHAS. S. DUNCAN, JNO. D. KEITH, H. C. HARTLEY, Directors.

## GETTYSBURG MARKETS

Prices at the Gettysburg warehouse corrected daily by C. James Wolf, Jr. Successor to J. Geo. Wolf & Sons Co. Per Bu.

Wheat	\$1.45
Ear Corn	.85
Rye	.70
Oats	.55

## RETAIL PRICES.

Per 100	
Hand Packed Bran	\$1.50
Coarse Spring Bran	\$1.45
Corn and Oats Chops	1.60
Shomaker Stock Food	1.60
White Middlings	\$1.75
Cotton Seed Meal	\$1.70
Red Middlings	1.50
Baled Straw	.65
Timothy Hay	.90
Per ton	\$7.50 per ton
Cement	\$1.25 per bbl.
Par bbl	
Flour	\$7.20
Western Flour	\$8.00

Per Bu.	
Wheat	\$1.60
Corn	.95
Shelled Corn	.95
Western Oats	.65
Badger Dairy feed	\$1.80
New Oxford Dairy feed	\$1.35

## THE WESTERN MARYLAND RAILWAY

Schedule Effective Sunday, September 27, 1914.

Daily, leave 5:50 a. m., for Baltimore, stopping at Hanover.

Daily except Sunday, leave 8:30 a. m., for York and intermediate stations.

Daily, 3:44 p. m., for Baltimore, York and intermediate stations. No connection for York on Sunday.

Daily, 10:09 a. m., for Hagerstown, and intermediate stations and the West.

Daily except Sunday, 5:38 p. m., for Hagerstown and intermediate stations

Daily, 11:22 p. m., for Hagerstown, Cumberland and Pittsburgh.

## PAINTING AND PAPERHANGING

Let me give you estimates on this work when you need it done.

G. C. ROTH, 58 Breckenridge Street, after April 1st.

## FOR SALE

Thompson's Imperial Riglet BARRED ROCK EGGS. 50 cents for 15 eggs

One Cock bird and two Cock-reels, same strain, \$1.00 each

Emory E. Sheely, Arendtsville, Pa.

## COLLIE PUPS FOR SALE

APPLY TO

FRANK ECKERT, TABLE ROCK, PA.

BELL TELEPHONE

Medical Advertising

## For Your child's Cough

use Schiffmann's Concentrated Expectant. Positively contains no narcotics and perfectly harmless. Eases the most stubborn Cough promptly, and Druggists refund money if not found the very best.

## Interior Painting And Finishing

Both interior house painting and refinishing of furniture are my specialties. Prices reasonable. Let me bid on your work.

Samuel Weigant 342 York street.

## Eggs for Hatching.

Barred Plymouth Rocks, EXTRA LARGE.

The Famous Winter Layer. Extra Matings \$2.00 per setting of 15 eggs.

Utility Stock \$1.00 per setting of 15 eggs.

Special price on 100 egg lots.

J. I. MUMPER, GETTYSBURG, PA.



# FATAL STRIKE RIOT IN NEWARK

Two Shot to Death and Several Seriously Wounded.

MANY OTHERS ARE INJURED

Union and Non-Union Men Use Revolvers, Clubs and Bricks Until Police Reserves Arrive.

New York, April 12.—Two men were shot to death and several others were seriously wounded in a battle between strikers and strike-breakers in Newark, N. J., in which the combatants used revolvers, clubs, bricks and anything they could lay their hands on.

Two men were taken to the hospital in a critical condition, while it is known that others were injured, but fled with the crowd when a small army of police reserves reached the scene.

The battle followed a stormy scene in Windsor Hall, Market and Broome streets, Newark, where a meeting of strikers from the plant of A. Hollander & Sons, fur manufacturers in East Kinney street, was in progress.

Strike-breakers were found to be in full attendance at the meeting, and an effort was made on the part of the dissatisfied employees, who went out on strike four days ago, to eject the non-union men from the meeting.

Instantly the battle began. It started with fist fights in all parts of the hall. Shouts of "scab" were heard on all sides, and chairs and tables were used in the melee.

The crowd of several hundred persons struggled toward the rear of the hall and finally the doors were burst open outward and the mob surged to the street, the fighting still going on.

Once in the open, revolvers were drawn and bullets flew. A score or more shots were fired and then it became known that the police reserves had been summoned. The rioters fled in all directions, many being felled temporarily by police clubs.

When the streets were cleared it was found that two of the men had been shot to death. One was later identified as Harry Rubin, one of the strikers. The second victim has not yet been identified.

## ASLEEP, HEARS DYING WIFE

Hurries to Hospital, Two Miles Away.

Where She Did Call Him.

Allentown, Pa., April 12.—Awakening with a start in bed at his home early in the morning, Thomas Mauro, chef for a local hotel, felt sure his wife, an invalid at the Allentown hospital, two miles away, had been calling for him.

Hurrying to the hospital, Mauro was informed that his wife was worse and had just been calling for him. She calmed down when he got to her bedside.

Then she repeated that she realized death was near and had called for him, knowing that he would come. At 8 o'clock he returned home to tell the children their mother was dead.

## SINKS LAUGHING TO DEATH

Young Fisherman Starts to Wade in Deeper Water.

York, Pa., April 12.—Laughing at his awkwardness in slipping from the breast of the dam at Altland's mill into water waist deep in the Little Conewago creek, William H. Sipe, Jr., thirty years old, of North York, began to wade ashore, a fishing pole in either hand.

Two boys watching him from the shore saw him step into a hole eight feet deep and disappear. It was three hours before the body was located and recovered.

## REVIVAL AFFECTS RAILWAY

All the Reading's Shops Go to Longer Week.

Reading, Pa., April 12.—More prosperity is in sight in Reading with an announcement that come from the Reading railway officials that all the car shops would go on fifty hours time instead of forty.

The increase will affect several thousand men over all the system, and about 1000 in Reading alone. Reading business interests believe that the announcement forecasts a general revival of business activity, already apparent in other industries.

## Falling Girder Kills and Maims.

Toledo, April 12.—One man was killed, two were probably fatally injured and ten more were hurt less seriously when an iron girder at a local automobile plant was dislodged by a forty-two-mile wind. Anthony Walczak, fifty years old, a laborer, was killed. The two fatally hurt received fractured skulls.

**Finds Marriage Illegal After 17 Years**  
Boston, April 12.—After seventeen years of married life, Mrs. Marion E. Books has discovered that she was illegally married to Blair B. Books and has asked to have the marriage annulled.

**Rubonic Plague at Havana.**  
Washington, April 12.—Two cases of rubonic plague and one death at Havana were reported to the public health service.

**I Will be in GETTYSBURG Every TUESDAY,**  
At Pen. Myers' Jewelry Store  
To Examine Eyes and Fit Glasses.  
**W. H. DINKLE**  
Gradual Eye Optics

## KNOWS THE REDSKINS.

General Hugh L. Scott and the Piute Indians.



## WOMAN ARRESTED AS BLACKMAILER

Accused of Writing Letter Demanding \$25,000.

Pottsville, Pa., April 12.—In one of the most sensational "poison pen" cases unearthed in Schuylkill county for years the United States postal authorities, through the work of Postal Inspector Val Schoenberger arrested Mrs. Eva L. Rothgaber in Reading on charges of blackmailing Miller W. Kinsley, a Tamaqua resident.

Mrs. Rothgaber, it is alleged, sent a letter to Kinsley demanding \$2500 and threatening exposure in a matter of ten years' standing if he did not immediately comply with her demand. Kinsley turned the letter over to postal authorities for investigation.

The woman evidently suspected a trap and gave a fictitious address in Reading, arranging with innocent residents there to secure the letter with the money when it came.

Inspector Schoenberger outwitted her, however, and wrote a letter under an assumed name, asking that she be satisfied with a lower amount. The carrier was then instructed not to deliver the mail, which following out Mrs. Rothgaber's instructions to Kinsley, was to be addressed "E. R. M." unless the woman herself claimed it. She finally called for it at the general delivery window and was immediately arrested.

The woman was given a hearing before United States Commissioner Harry Smaltzberger and held under \$500 bail for appearance at court.

**Dies Martyr to X-Rays.**  
Elizabeth, N. J., April 12.—Dr. Max Jacoby died in the general hospital here, where he had been for two days. Poison resulting from the exposure of a finger to X-rays caused his death.

## WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureau taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

Albany	60	Cloudy
Atlantic City	52	Cloudy
Boston	54	Cloudy
Buffalo	40	Clear
Chicago	52	Cloudy
New Orleans	66	Cloudy
New York	56	Rain
Philadelphia	60	Clear
St. Louis	60	P. Cloudy
Washington	62	Cloudy

## The Weather.

Partly cloudy today, fair tomorrow; northwest winds.

## List of Dealers

Within the County of Adams, returned and classified by the undersigned, appraiser of Mercantile Taxes in accordance with the Act of Assembly of May 2d, 1887, for the year 1915, of goods, wares and merchandise.

Abbottstown	
Altland, Chas.	2.85
Baker, M. G.	8.65
Berkheimer, N. M.	5.55
Berkheimer, R. C.	3.50
Berkheimer, H. M.	2.85
Elder, Mrs. Alice	3.73
Kinneman, J. A.	2.85
Nagle, M. G.	2.85
Olinger, W. J.	2.85
Sowers, S. K.	10.75
Spangler, Geo. E.	2.85
Smith, C. E.	2.85
Wolf, J. J.	6.75
Craumer, Walter	2.85
Arendtsville	
Hoffman, Geo. E.	3.95
Klepper, C. H.	22.75
Knouse, David	2.85
Knipple, Geo.	2.85
Mark, H. P.	5.75
Ormer, L. S.	2.85
Raffensperger, Kefer	3.05
Trostle, A. F.	4.75
Trostle, H. W. & Son	15.75
Bendersville	
Bausman, F. R.	2.85
Bream, Dill	2.85
Eldon, W. H.	2.85
Fair, H. L.	2.85
Gochnaur, S. B.	7.45
Heller, M. J.	2.85
Knouse, Harvey	5.25
Routzahn, Geo. R. & Son	2.85
Sowers, E. W.	2.85
Stover, J. G.	2.85
Shepard, John W.	3.75
Snyder, W. L.	3.00
Wright, F. W.	2.85
Yeatts, W. C.	7.75
Berwick	
Bittinger, C. H.	5.75
Stambaugh, John A.	2.85
Biglerville	
Bigham, S. G.	22.75
Bucher, H. C.	2.85
Fohl, H. W.	2.85
Fohl, J. H.	8.75
Knouse, Geo. H.	17.75
Klinefelter, U. S.	2.85
Koser, G. W.	13.75
Lawver, E. L.	10.75
Miller, C. E.	5.05
Mues, C. H.	9.85
Markle, Peter	2.85
Nitchman, P. L.	2.85
Orler, H. J.	3.50
Rice Bros.	3.75
Roth, E. C.	2.85
Thomas Bros.	10.75
Trostle, E. H.	2.85
Ulrich, L. L.	2.85
Walter, R. C.	3.75
Wampler, C. M.	2.85
Lindemuth, Harry	2.85
Butler	
Bower, P. A. T.	2.85
Keefe, C. A.	2.85
Lower, E. G.	14.75
Myers, R. B.	2.85
Moose, John D.	2.85
Plank, L. C.	3.75
Peters, J. C.	10.75
Rhodes, T. F.	2.85
Rauscher, J. B.	2.85
Snareler, John W.	2.85
Slaybaugh, M. L.	2.85
Van Dyke, Harry	2.85
Wolf, E. M.	2.85
Conewago	
Carbaugh, Chas. G.	2.85
Devine, Mrs. S. L.	6.00
Frock, Mrs. W. H.	2.85
Horwille, Gus	2.85
Miller, G. W.	6.13
Myers, H. H.	5.75
Newman & Bro.	2.85
Stambaugh, R. F.	2.80
Weisensale, A. U.	3.00
Cumberland	
Able, Wm.	2.85
Epley, J. W.	2.85
McCollough, J. R.	8.75
Plank, Walter	2.85
Rosensteel, John	2.85
Shields, Wm.	2.85
East Berlin	
Baker, Roy	2.85
Bear & Kern	16.70
Brandt, D. E.	29.75
Brown, Chas. C.	2.85
Brown, A. D.	3.75
Cashman, Clinton	2.85
Eisenhart, P. P.	3.00
Fohl, C. R.	2.85
Mumper, J. A.	2.85
McIlhenny, J. W.	2.85
Feiser, L. J.	2.85
Himer, R. B.	2.85
Jacobs, Geo. F.	3.25
Kuhn, W. F.	3.25
Kling, Samuel D.	3.15
Lanham, Claude	2.85
Miller, A. C.	5.95
Myers, W. Denton	32.75
Myers, Co. E. B.	5.75
Miller, F. G.	3.75
Ramer, Geo. M.	2.85
Rider, J. M.	14.75
Resser, W. W.	3.50
Smith, P. C.	3.25
Sprenkle, N. B.	7.75
Sprenkle, R. E.	2.85
Swartz & Myers	2.85
Spangler, C. C.	22.75
Spangler, C. M.	8.09
Shetter, Robert	2.85
Solar, Moses	2.85
Spangler, W. T.	2.85
Trimmer, Mrs. A. B.	3.00
Warner, D. P.	2.85
Wolf, C. M.	2.85
Fairfield	
Brown, Harry E.	2.85

Glenn, J. E.	3.25
Jacobs, J. Q.	2.85
Rebel, Geo.	2.85
McClaff, J. M.	8.75
McCreary, W. S.	3.05
McCreary, Miss Hattie	2.80
Musselman, Jacob	17.73
Musselman, J. M.	22.92
Neely, G. M.	7.25
Polly, D. P.	2.85
Reindollar, J. J.	16.75
Rock, Miss Hattie	2.80
Snyder, Miss F. M.	3.05
Swope, E. B.	5.25
Seiferd, C. J.	2.85
Seiferd, J. E.	2.85
Waddie, J. B.	2.85
Franklin	
Andrew, W. O.	6.80
Bucher, E. J.	6.05
Bream, R. D.	20.00
Fitz, J. H.	3.25
Geyer, J. E.	2.85
Hartman, John M.	2.85
Johnson, C. W.	9.00
Kump, A. B.	2.85
Kane, Geo. A.	3.25
Little, R. T.	5.50
Musser, J. H.	3.25
Miller, N. J.	7.00
Naugle, E. J.	6.46
Robert, J. E.	3.75
Rizzeal, W. H.	3.25
Riddlemose, H. E.	3.00
Eyler, D. C.	2.85
Swartz, G. W.	2.85
Settle, W. J.	3.45
Wilson, C. J.	6.75
Weikert, Wm. P.	4.75
Freedom	
Bowling, Lewis	3.75
Rothaupt & Wenschel	2.85
Rhodes, David	5.50
Germany	
Bascheer, H. H.	2.85
Bish, Willis	2.85
Krug, W. M.	4.25
Menges, Wm.	2.85
Shoemaker, J. W.	2.85
Straley, W. G.	2.85
Gettysburg 1st Ward	
Armor, R. D. & Son	3.00
Buch, Geo.	5.75
Bream, C. C.	4.00
Bream, J. Herman	3.75
Bloch, J. O.	14.75
Bream, H. D. & J. F.	4.65
Bloch, D. & Co.	4.75
Crescent Auto Co.	3.50
Culp, R. H.	2.85
Central Auto Co.	3.00
Diller, G. S.	11.75
Dubbs, Mildred B.	2.85
Edon, W. J.	10.75
Forrest, E. H.	2.85
Funkhouser, R. P.	36.75
Faber Edgar	3.75
Huber's Drug Store	4.75
Hennig W. A.	2.85
Hollebaugh, Miss	2.85
Hotel Gettysburg Co.	2.85
Kadel, J. H.	2.85
Kelly, E. S.	2.85
Lightner, L. N.	2.85
Lizgarie, A.	3.72
Lincoln Way Hotel	2.85
Miller, P. C.	2.85
Myers, Penrose	7.75
Miller, P. A.	6.75
Myer, W. & Bro.	12.75
Plank, A. B.	2.85
Rice, J. W.	6.50
Reck, Anna M.	2.85
Smith, A. J.	3.65
Stallsmith, Ward	4.75
Stall, C. S.	2.85
Shangler, G. E.	3.75
The Gettysburg Gas Co.	3.75
Weaver, G. W. & Son	97.11
Wolf, C. M.	20.75
Faber, Geo. B.	2.85
Strat, John	3.25
Gettysburg 2nd Ward	
Adams Co. Hardware Co.	20.75
Bender, H. B.	11.90
Bruner, P. M.	2.85
Bloch, C. A.	13.50
Cassatt, C. A.	2.85
Chritzman, G. W.	5.35
Dougherty & Hartley	31.15
Eckert, M. Frank	33.75
Fierhart, Geo.	3.00
Faber, Geo. B.	2.85
Gilbert, H. C.	2.85
Gettysburg 5 & 10c Store	6.35
Geod, John	3.90
Gariach, J. W.	5.75
Haines, M. H.	10.25
Hartzel, G. T.	2.85
Hollinger, Albert	3.05
Kirssin, Lewis E.	10.75
Kalbfleisch, Henry	3.25
Klinefelter, O.	2.85
Kelly & Oyler	8.75
Lestz, O. H.	12.75
Marine, H. T.	3.25
Mumper, J. A.	2.85
McIlhenny, J. W.	27.75
Minter, N. J.	7.75
Miller, Leo H.	12.75
Morris, J. B.	2.85
Mickey & King	7.75
Martin, Rodgers Co.	6.25
Mumper, C. S.	8.75
National Garage	2.85
Orner, Augustus	3.75
Peoples Cash Store	17.75
Peoples Drug Store	12.75
Pettis, John & Lewis	3.00
Reichle, Geo. W.	2.85
Reinecker, J. C.	2.85
Sefton, H. B.	3.25
Stock, Geo. E.	2.85
Smith, H. F.	2.85
Trimmer, S. E.	20.75
Tipton, J. F.	12.75
The Hub	14.25
Toddes, Ira L.	12.75
Turner, W. H.	4.75
Turner, T. P.	2.85
Thomas, E. C.	2.85
Van Dyke & Kane	2.85
Varelas, Gust	3.00

Werkinger & Ziegler	2.85
Yohe, M. S.	2.85
Ziegler, John S.	4.35
Gettysburg 3d Ward	
Bafield, M. E.	2.85
Cleveland, J. E.	7.75
Chritzman The Misses	2.85
Evans, W. H.	3.25
Eicholtz, Grace	2.85
Gettysburg Dept Store	63.75
Kuhn, Emma	2.85
McGregor, Jesse	2.85
Mills, A. S.	9.75
McDonnell, John E.	2.85
Progressive Stock Co.	1.55
Matthews, J. J.	2.85
Steinour, G. W.	5.75
Sherman, Elsie M.	2.85
Winchrenner, T. J.	6.75
Wheeler, Geo. W.	2.95
Hamilton	
Griffin, Amos	2.85
Baker, T. C.	2.85
Hartman, J. R.	2.85
Mummert, Edward	2.85
Wentz, M. D.	2.85
Yohe, C. B.	2.85
Hamiltonban	
Barnes, John	5.60
Blizzard Daniel	2.85
Barton, E. M. & Son	4.25
Biesecker, N. L.	2.85
Barton, J. F.	2.85
Fyler, D. C.	2.85
Felix, Frank	2.85
Gladhill, G. W.	2.85
Hardman, Aug.	3.45
Keady, A. H.	6.75
Kohler, H. E.	4.75
Linn & Biers	8.30
Lightner, Harry	3.75
McIntire, Chas.	2.90
Nary, J. C.	4.25
Reed, H. K.	3.25
Sprengle, Edgar	2.85
Stoops, R. D.	7.75
Spence, B. F.	2.85
Snyder, E. Bane	3.25
Highland	
Hammers, S. S. W.	7.75
Herter, J. L.	2.85
Kenner, Mervin	2.85
Knoxlyn Milling Co.	4.00
Huntington	
Adams, W. S.	2.85
Crist, Andrew	7.25
Elicker, Frank	2.85
Group, N. L.	29.75
Guise, W. A.	2.85
King, John W.	3.25
King, P. E.	2.85
Kennedy, W. H.	2.85
Loel, J. H.	2.85
Neiderer, A. C.	2.85
Smith, C. P.	2.85
Sheely, J. S.	3.00
Staub, J. F.	2.85
Strasbaugh, Chas.	3.15
Walter, H. J.	2.85
Latimore	
Brough, L. A.	4.75
Bubb, Arthur	2.85
Brough, Harry	2.85
Day, John I.	2.85
Group, W. G.	4.00
Gochenour, Jos.	2.85
Jacobs, R. H.	5.75
Kapp & Siebert	14.10
Mummert, A. J.	2.85
Menges, H. E.	13.81
Mummert, A. B.	3.75
Peters, M. L.	2.85
Snyder, J. W.	11.00
Trostle, Jos. W.	2.80
The J. C. Peters Co.	3.00
Wiley, Jacob	2.85
Liberty	
Bell, Grant	2.85
Cover, W. H.	2.85
Gingell, Geo.	2.85
Kime, J. A.	2.85
Weishaar, J. D.	2.85
Littlestown	
Allemann, L. M.	3.25
Bloch, T. S. Son	2.85
Bascheer & Mehling	27.52



## Wooltex Tailored Suits and Coats in Fullest and Finest Assortments now

It is most gratifying to make the important selection of a new spring suit or coat while our collections of Wooltex garments are at their height; for naturally we cannot undertake to keep continuously in stock such a large variety of models as is now on exhibition.



Style No. 1727  
The picture illustrates Wooltex suit No. 1727, a very effective youthful model, which is equally becoming to a slender woman. The jacket is in full effect, moderately fitted, with smart pockets on both sides, and skirt. Materials are chosen, popular and correct.

Every day you wait shortens the time of service which the new garment will give you, and likewise every day you wait takes off something of the enjoyment of possessing the new styles while they are at their height.

Women who have been to see the Wooltex exhibition express their delight over the moderateness of the prices that are marked on garments of such excellence and refinement.

The hand-tailoring at the vital points in the apparel, which gives permanency to the shapeliness of the garment, is a Wooltex feature of added cost in the production, which it seems amazing to secure at such moderate prices.

If you have not yet seen our full spring exhibition of Wooltex garments, come at the first moment you can, whether you anticipate buying or not. An equally hearty welcome if you come only to see the new styles.

## G. W. Weaver & Son

The Store That Sells Wooltex

## A SOLDIER'S DOUBLE

By M. QUAD

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About thirty days before Grant broke through Lee's lines at Petersburg and the beginning of the end came a portion of my regiment captured seven Confederates and brought them into camp. My own company was a part of the Federal force, but as I was on detached duty that week I was not with them. The first I knew of the capture was when I heard the story that I had deserted to the Confederates and been recaptured and would be shot. I visited company headquarters to ascertain what the talk meant and there met with a strange reception. I was there, wearing a blue uniform, and yet I was in the guardhouse half a mile away wearing the battered. I had been on duty at division headquarters, and yet I had been captured on the advance lines. I was at once placed under arrest, and it was an hour or more before the mystery was solved. Then it was found that one of the Confederate prisoners was my double and that his name was Wakefield.

I had not yet recovered from my surprise when the suggestion was made that I go into the Confederate camp as a spy on the strength of the wonderful resemblance. I was given three days in which to pump Wakefield. He was a ready talker and had a good memory. When I was quite ready I took his suit of clothes complete and he was given another. Then I was taken down to the front and made a bolt for it. In other words, one of the Confederate prisoners escaped and dashed across the space which separated the opposing lines. Not half a dozen men were let into the secret, and as I ran I was fired upon by half a regiment.

I ran at full speed straight for the Confederate lines, and on dashing over a breastwork I found myself in the midst of a Louisiana brigade of infantry. A colonel questioned me as to my name, regiment, when captured, etc., and I answered so promptly that I supposed everything all right. It wasn't, however. Federal spies had played the game before, and Confederate wit had become sharpened. I was sent to the headquarters of General Mahone, who was subsequently celebrated in Virginia and national politics. He asked me the same questions which the colonel had put to me and many others in addition. I saw that he was suspicious, and braving all at one stroke, I requested that my captain be sent for. The Alabama regiment to which I was supposed to belong was stationed two miles away, and it was about 9 o'clock before the captain arrived. Previous to his appearance I had been asked his name, which I gave correctly, and had also described his person. When he reached headquarters I was sent for, and as I stood before him and two or three headquarters officers General Mahone asked: "Captain Thorn, this man claims to belong to your company. Is he a member or not?"

"Yes, sir," was the prompt reply. "What's his name?" "John Wakefield, sir." "When was he captured?" "Four days ago along with several other men." That settled it. There were about forty men in Company D. They all gathered around me as I appeared and gave me a welcome. My orders were to ascertain Lee's strength on a line about four miles long. How I was to accomplish this after entering the Confederate lines was left for me to decide. Wakefield told me that he had a cousin in the Seventh Virginia, a young soldier named John Winslow. I got permission of my captain to visit him, and in handing up the Seventh Virginia I took care to miss it and cover the whole front and have a look at guns and fortifications. I found Winslow at last, but his greeting was far from cordial. The two had evidently quarreled about something on which I was not posted. He was so sulky and unfriendly that I was about to cut my visit short when he gave me a searching look and exclaimed:

"Why, you are not John Wakefield at all!" I laughed at him in a good natured way, hoped I would find him in better humor when I called again and started for my regiment, but I had not gone a quarter of a mile when I was overtaken and put under arrest and an hour later was once more in the presence of General Mahone. I was followed to his tent by Winslow, who boldly proclaimed that I was not John Wakefield. Then all the officers and half a dozen men of the company, including my roommate, were sent for, and the general heartily entered upon the work of tripping me.

I had pumped John Wakefield so thoroughly, and so plainly remembered everything, that I believe I passed the examination fully as well as or better than he could. My two arrangements before General Mahone made me an object of curiosity and gossip in my company, and when I returned it was to find all the men anxious to quiz me and two or three of them seemingly suspicious. The captain called me into his tent and questioned and cross questioned me until he declared that nobody but a fool could have taken me for any one else. I put the men off by pretending to be surly, and three nights later, as we held a breastwork at the front, I slipped away in the darkness and re-entered the Federal lines.

The Main Trouble. "Ah was thinkin'," said Rastus Johnson, "what a nice, peaceful-like world dis here universe would a been if it wasn't for de movements of de human underlie."

Medical Advertising

## STOPS HEADACHE, PAIN, NEURALGIA

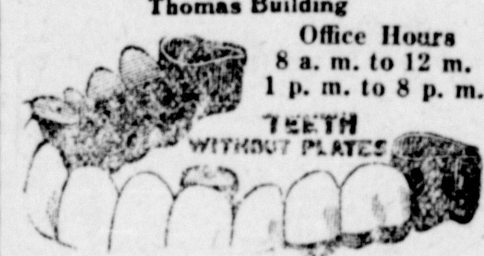
Don't suffer! Get a dime pack-  
of Dr. James' Headache  
Powders.

You can clear your head and relieve a dull, splitting or violent throbbing headache in a moment with a Dr. James' Headache Powder. This old-time headache relief acts almost magically. Send some one to the drug store now for a dime package and a few moments after you take a powder you will wonder what became of the headache, neuralgia and pain. Stop suffering—it's needless. Be sure you get what you ask for.

Husbands:  
tell your wives  
about our won-  
derful results  
with women's  
clothes.  
Bring us a soiled  
suit and see  
the change in  
appearance  
when your job  
is finished.  
Klean Clothes Klub  
Columbia Building



DR. J. W. TUDOR  
DENTIST  
BIGLERVILLE, PA  
Thomas Building



Office Hours  
8 a. m. to 12 m.  
1 p. m. to 8 p. m.  
TEETH  
WITHOUT PAIN  
At Elk Horn Hotel, BENDERS  
VILLE, every first and third Tuesday  
of each month.

Medical Advertising  
SAGE TEA DANDY  
TO DARKEN HAIR

It's Grandmother's Recipe to Bring  
Back Color and Lustre to Hair

You can turn gray, faded hair beautifully dark and lustrous almost overnight if you'll get a 50 cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy" at any drug store. Millions of bottles of this old, famous Sage Tea Recipe are sold annually, says a well known druggist here, because it darkens the hair so naturally and evenly that no one can tell it has been applied.

Those whose hair is turning gray, becoming faded, dry, scraggy and thin have a surprise awaiting them, because after one or two applications the gray hair vanishes and your locks become luxuriantly dark and beautiful—all dandruff goes, scalp itching and falling hair stops. This is the age of youth. Gray-haired, unattractive folks aren't wanted around, so get busy with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur to-night and you'll be delighted with your dark, handsome hair and your youthful appearance within a few days.

## EXECUTRIX NOTICE

Letters of Administration c. t. a. upon the estate of Harriet Baker, late of the Township of Mt. Joy, Adams County, Pennsylvania, deceased, having been granted unto the undersigned, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims or demands against the estate of said deceased shall make the same known without delay and those indebted to said estate shall make settlement immediately with the undersigned.

ADA M. LEISTER,  
Administratrix c. t. a.  
Gettysburg, Penna.  
Or: JOHN D. KEITH, Esq.,  
First Nat. Bank Building,  
Gettysburg, Penna.

## FUNKHOUSER'S

New Collections of outer apparel. As remarkable a collection of Women's Suits, Coats, Dresses, as we have had this season and one which will arouse the admiration of every Women.

### LADIE'S DEPT.

#### Suits

Every Suit is absolutely new and fresh. We cannot speak too highly of the beauty of these Suits made of Check Material, Serges and Fancy weaves, \$13.75 to 25.00.

#### Coats

From one of our most reliable manufacturers. Coats which in view of smartness, should leave our stock in short order, \$5.00 to 25.00.

#### Dresses

A collection which is unrivaled for style, quality and value, \$5.00 to 15.00.

#### Waists

Dainty stripes of Silk and Lawn. Also plain Lawns and Crepe, 50c to \$2.50  
Children, Misses Wash Dresses in a variety of styles that have never been shown before in the County.

ALWAYS  
LEADING

FUNKHOUSER'S  
OPEN MONDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS

"The Home of  
Fine Clothes"

## ...SERVICE...

IS THE SPIRIT OF OUR OFFERINGS

NOT only do we want to show you the best, most stylish Ready-for-Service Clothes at moderate prices, but we want to serve you well, and so satisfactorily that you will find a genuine pleasure and delight in coming to this store, and feel that it is your store, your wardrobe, your counselor, to help you to select the best for your requirements, with the least cost, and serve you faithfully and conscientiously, not only at the time of purchase but at all times.

## Have you Seen

The New Styles and Fabrics in

## Boy's Norfolk Suits for Spring?

There are many Novelties and excellent patterns in our 1915 models of Boy's Norfolk Suits designed by master tailors. All the new Furnishings and Accessories for Spring and Summer are now ready. Ralston's Shoes for Men, Patricia Shoes for Women.

Our Spring display is really an exhibition of art in Men's and Young Men's Wearables.

## O. H. LESTZ, "The Home of Good Clothes"

Open Evenings

## "To Please Our Customers"

WILL BE THE ENDEAVOR OF THIS BUSINESS

W. W. DETTER of Bendersville has sold me his stock, good will and fixtures, and I am now in charge of the store lately conducted by him

Stock will consist of full lines in  
GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HARDWARE  
All kinds of Country Produce will be accepted in exchange for purchases or bought for cash.

Will you call and give us a trial.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT Second Floor.

H. W. KNOUSE.

## MAINE SEED POTATOES

COBBLERS 165 lb. bags  
SIR WALTER RALEIGH sold from the car  
GREEN MOUNTAIN at \$2.25

ADAMS and BAKER  
MT. TABOR

## AN INVESTMENT THAT PAYS

New prices on National Mazda  
The quality lamp Sterling brand

10 Watt Lamp gives	8 Candle power at	27c
15 " " " "	13 " " " "	27c
20 " " " "	18 " " " "	27c
25 " " " "	24 " " " "	27c
40 " " " "	39 " " " "	27c
60 " " " "	60 " " " "	36c
100 " " " "	105 " " " "	65c
100 Nitro Lamp	125 " " " "	at \$1.00

NONE BETTER MADE. Buy them at

Blocher's - Jewelry Store

## Concrete is Economical

SOME people have the idea that concrete construction is difficult and excessively expensive.

That is a mistake.

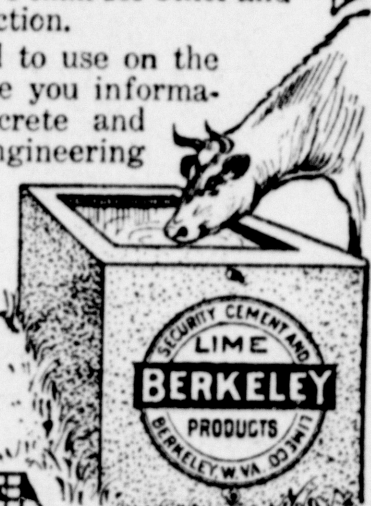
Concrete is the easiest of all building materials to handle and the cost need not be more than for other and far less permanent types of construction.

Concrete is especially adapted to use on the farm. SECURITY dealers will give you information on the various uses of concrete and methods of handling it. Our Engineering Department is also at your service.

Concrete for Permanence  
SECURITY for Concrete  
Ask Your Dealer

SECURITY CEMENT  
and LIME COMPANY

HAGERSTOWN, MARYLAND



FOR SALE BY

W. OYLER & BRO.,  
Gettysburg.

Let us give you prices on any quantity.

## MULES FOR SALE.

Pair of Dark Brown Mare Mules, rising 4 yrs. sound and well broken, the one is a leader.

Pair of Black Mare Mules, rising 3 years old, sound and fairly well broken. These mules will grow large and are good ones.

Can be seen at my place, 6 miles from Gettysburg on the Fairfield road

FRANK DRAIS,

United Phone 628A

P. O. Address FAIRFIELD.

## STERLING, JR.,

Formerly owned by Robert Bell,

Will stand on Monday of each week at Charles Trostle's, Two Taverns,

And on Tuesday of each week at Miller & Kauffman's Stable,

REAR OF CITY HOTEL, GETTYSBURG.

HAL POOLE.

## Arid England

From Land's End up to John o' Groat's,  
From Dover to the Minch,  
The air is full of antidotes,  
The dust is in a million throats,  
Reform is in a clinch.

The king, Lloyd-George and K. of K.  
Beat Abstinence's drum,  
And those who used to wet their clay  
Are gathering in hands to prey  
Upon the demon Rum.

No longer will the Highlandman  
Take whisky in his tea.  
The navvies cease to rush the can,  
And each and every artisan  
From 'arf and 'arf will flee.

The porter, bitter beer and gin,  
No longer clog the taps;  
The soda, severed from its twin,  
And Adams' ale is bound to win  
The victory—perhaps!

—Maurice Morris in New York Sun.

## KNITTING WAR SOCKS LEADS TO ROMANCES.

College Girls Get Amusing Letters  
From Wounded Soldiers.

Along with the leg warmers and mufflers they knitted and sent to wounded soldiers in Europe some of the girl students at Teachers' college, Columbia university, New York city, inclosed notes to cheer the men. Many replies are being received.

Most of the replies are simple letters of sincere thanks, but others take a serious tone, and some are just the reverse. Some of the flippant ones are causing much amusement at the college.

One of them said:  
Dear Fannie —Your note came just in time to make me change my mind. When I got shot on the Aisne I was reported dead. My old girl, hearing of this, up and married a lad that was not man enough to go to war. First I wanted to eat a big enough bullet to make me creak. Then I got mad because I thought if she didn't care for any more of a man than she married she must have thought I was a fine snicker too. So now, I want to write to you a lot. Send me your picture when you write again. JOHN —

Another read:  
Dear Maggie —From your name I think you are Irish. From your wit I know you are Irish. From your tone I know you are a nice girl. I am Irish and I am married, but I am going to hug up a nice Irish lad for you and make him write. And I will make him tell the truth too. PATRICK —

Still another, brief but explicit, ran:  
Dear Jennie —I would like to marry you, but have two Scotch lassies and three laddies in their kilts awaiting me home. What's more, there's a wee wife, and then sometimes I drink too much Scotch, and nice girls like you can't beat me like my wife can. SANDY —

No engagement rings have been received as yet, but all sorts of romances are being woven, and the mads now are talking of trips abroad to hunt up their soldier boys when the war is over.